St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1880. NO. 250.

At
Old Prices.

Table Linens.

At 35c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1 10, $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3 per yard.

Napkins.

75c, 85c, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $4, $5, $6 50, $7 50, $8 50, $10, $12, $15 per dozen

Towels.

$1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $4, $4 50, $5, $6, $6 50, $7 50, $8 50, $10, $12, $15, $20, $25 per dozen.

Cottons.

All prices and qualities.

Quilts.

$1, 1 10, 1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2, 2 25, 2 50, 3, 3 50, 4 50, 5, 5 50, 6 50, 7 50, 8 50, 10, 12 each.

Irish Linens.

A very large stock.

Now is the time to buy, before prices are advanced. Do not delay: if in want of housekeeping goods, buy immediately.

H.D.Mann & Co

417 and 419 North Fourth.

Embroideries, IN COLORS and Plain White, a superb stock of new and beautiful patterns, exclusively our own, insertions to match. This is the finest selection of Choice Hamburgs ever shown here. Having bought them at last year's prices, we offer them much lower than the present market price. So long as they pay us a profit on cost, we shall sell them reasonably, no matter how great an advance in the price of the cotton from which they are made. Low prices and increasing sales are the rule throughout our entire stock.

Foster Kids, LACED FASTENings; no buttons to come off. The BEST fitting and wearing Kid Glove sold.

All Kid Gloves FITTED TO THE HAND by experienced fitters.

Health Corsets, RECOMmended by *Physicians* for Invalids and Ladies who cannot wear a hard Corset. This is entirely *boneless* and *soft*, cords taking the place of bones. Every lady, sick or well, should try it.

H.D.Mann & Co

417 and 419 N. Fourth St.

NOW READY!
FATHER RYAN'S POEMS.
(Copyright secured.)

We beg leave to call your attention to the fact that we now have ready the first and only edition of

FATHER RYAN'S POEMS

ever offered to the Public. By solicitation we obtained from the Reverend Author his manuscripts for publication, and we have spared no expense in the endeavor to present them in the most elegant and attractive volume ever published in the South. The book contains more than one hundred poems, occuping two hundred and sixty-three printed pages. In this collection are embraced all of the l ading descriptive, patriotic and devotional poems, which have established the Author's wide reputation, besides very many others never heretofore published. Every care has been taken to insure perfection in the typography of the work, which has been stereotyped by us. The volume is bound in cloth and gilt, in the latest style, and is illustrated by two steel engravings, one a fine portrait of the Author himself—the other a picture of the "Conquered Banner."

The price of the volume is $2 50, prepaid to any address. All orders must be directed to the publishers, with remittance by P. O. Order or N. Y. Exchange. Reasonable discounts to the trade, and special rates to publishers and booksellers sending large orders.

Respectfully yours,
JNO. L. RAPIER & CO., Publishers,
Mobile, Ala.
JOHN J. DALY & CO.,
213 N. Third Street, St Louis, Mo.

REAL ESTATE.

H. A. WOLFF..........................W. A. MEAGHER.

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, Notaries Public
AND CONVEYANCERS.
Rent collections a specialty, and liberal advances made on same.
OFFICE..........................211 N. SIXTH ST

LEGAL DIRECTORY.

EVERETT W. PATTISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 26 and 27, Third Floor, S. E. Cor. Fifth and Olive Sts St. Louis.

STORAGE FOR
FRUITS, ONIONS, POTATOES, Etc.,
214 N. COMMERCIAL ST.
GEO. W. WOODWORTH, Supt.

TURKISH
BATHS, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR, and every other bath.
Health and comfort assured.
Under Lindell Hotel.
J. P. THOMAS,
Proprietor.

ZIG ZAG!
AT THE DOLLAR STORE.

ZIG ZAG!
AT THE DOLLAR STORE.

ZIG ZAG!
AT
Chas. A. Fowle & Co.'s
ST. BERNARD
Dollar Store and Bazaar!
406 N. Fourth Street.
SOMETHING NEW EVERY DAY.

TRADE MARK.

CAUTION!

The wonderful achievements and success of **Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar** has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and *dangerous* mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain **"Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar"** *by its full name;* and also observe the above **EXACT** Trade-Mark device on the wrapper enclosing each bottle, *without which none is genuine.*

For Sale by all Druggists.

HALE'S HONEY
—OF—
HOREHOUND & TAR!
The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS,
LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.

The Honey of the Plant ***Horehound*** SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm *Abies Balsamea* CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. ***PRICES:—50c. and $1.*** Large Size Cheapest.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New York.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS
CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

THE ONLY Small Havanas, 3 for 10
Regular Size Havana Filler, 5c.
Best Full Size Spanish 3 for 25c.
Large Size Imported, 10c and Up.
N. B. In 25, 50 and 100 boxes, at low rates
JOE CLARKE,
MAKER AND IMPORTER,
No. 14 Washington Avenue.

GINGHAMS! GINGHAMS!
Spring Opening!
We offer the only complete line of
Amoskeag and Renfrew Dress Ginghams.
The most elegant assortment of artistic novelties ever exhibited.
SAMUEL C. DAVIS & CO.
Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

Last Edition

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH

Read at the Opening of Parliament To-day.

The Condition of the British Empire as Set Forth by Victoria.

The Afghan and South African Situations Discussed.

Her Majesty's Allusion to the Distress in Ireland.

Great Britain.

LONDON, February 5.—The weather today is fine. The Royal procession to Parliament House took place in accordance with the programme. The Queen arrived at the House of Lords ten minutes past two. Upon receiving a copy of the speech from Lord Cairns, Lord High Chancellor, Her Majesty handed it back to him, and Lord Cairns then read the speech. The ceremony lasted fifteen minutes.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen: It is with much satisfaction I again resort to the advice and assistance of my Parliament. My relations with all powers continue friendly. The course of events since the prorogation of Parliament has tended to furnish additional security to the maintenance of European peace on the principles laid down by the treaty of Berlin. Much, however, still remains to be done to repair the disorder with which the late war has affected many parts of the Turkish empire. A convention for the suppression of the slave trade has been concluded between my Government and that of his Imperial Majesty the Sultan.

THE AFGHAN AFFAIR.

At the close of your last session I expressed a hope that the treaty of Gundamuk had happily terminated the war in Afghanistan. In conformity with its provisions my envoy with his retinue was honorably received and entertained by the Ameer at Cabul. While engaged, however, in the exercise of their duty, he and those connected with the Embassy were treacherously attacked by overwhelming numbers, and after a heroic defense they were almost all massacred. An outrage so intolerable called for condign chastisement, and my troops, which, pursuant to the stipulations of the treaty, either had withdrawn or were withdrawing from the territories governed by the Ameer, were ordered to retrace their steps. The skill exhibited in the rapid march upon Cabul and in the advances upon other lines of action reflects the highest credit upon the officers and men of my British and native forces, whose bravery has shone with wonted lustre in every collision with the enemy. The abdication of the Ameer and the unsettled condition of the country render the recall of the troops impossible for the present, but the principle on which my Government has hitherto acted remains unchanged, and, while determined to make the frontiers of my Indian Empire strong, I desire to be in friendly relations alike with those who may rule in Afghanistan and with the people of that country.

SOUTH AFRICA.

My anticipations as to an early establishment of peace in South Africa have been fulfilled. The captured position of the Zulu King and the breaking up of the military organization on which his dynasty was based have relieved my possessions in that part of the world from the danger which seriously impeded their advancement and consolidation. In Basutoland a native outbreak of considerable importance has been effectually quelled by my colonial forces, while Transvaal has been freed from the depredations of a powerful chief who, having successfully resisted previous Governments of the country, had persistently rejected our attempts at conciliation. I have reason to hope that the time is now approaching when an important advance may be made towards the establishment of a union or confederation under which the powers of self-government already enjoyed by the inhabitants of the Cape Colony may be extended to my subjects in other parts of South Africa. Papers on these and others matters will be forthwith laid before you.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I have directed estimates of this year to be prepared and laid before you without delay.

AGRICULTURAL DEPRESSION.

My Lords and gentlemen, the commission which at the close of the session I informed you I had issued to inquire into the causes of agricultural depression throughout the United Kingdom is pursuing its labors. In the meantime, the serious deficiency in the usual crops in some parts of Ireland has rendered necessary special precautions on the part of my Government to guard against calamities with which those districts were threatened.

IRELAND.

With this view they have called upon authorities charged with the duty of administering relief to make ample preparations for the distribution of food and fuel, should such a step become necessary, and they have also stimulated the employment of labor by advances on terms more liberal than those prescribed by the existing law. I feel assured you will give your sanction to the course which has been adopted where it may have exceeded the power entrusted by Parliament to the Executive of the Government. A proposal will be submitted to you for providing funds required for these exceptional advances on security of property administered by church temporalities commissioners.

LEGISLATION SUGGESTED.

I trust you will be able to resume the consideration of the criminal code and of the improvement of the law of bankruptcy. Bills will be laid before you for enlarging the powers of owners of settled land, for consolidating and amending the lunacy laws and for simplifying the practice of conveyancing. I commend to you these and other measures which may be submitted for your consideration, and I trust that the blessing of Almighty God may attend and direct your labors.

INCIDENTS.

Lords Beaconsfield and Salisbury were not present at the opening of Parliament. The Queen's reception by the crowd in the streets was very enthusiastic. Seats to view the royal procession fetched heavy prices. There was the usual search for Guy Fawkes in the cellars of the House of Commons this morning.

PROCEEDINGS IN PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Commons Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, gave notice that he would move to-morrow the adoption of the bill sanctioning measures of relief for Ireland already taken and for further relief. Alexander M. Sullivan, home rule member for Louth, gave notice that he would to-morrow move for leave to introduce a bill for the better protection of life and property in Ireland by suspending the serving of writs of ejectment for non-payment of rent.

LONDON, February 5.—The morning journals agree in the opinion that Irish and Afghan affairs will receive a large amount of attention at the coming session of Parliament.

LONDON, February 5.—Bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £45,000 the past week; the proportion of the reserve to liability, 48 1-4 per cent. The rates of discount are hardening, partly in consequence of the general advance in prices and improvement in business and partly in consequence of the pressure on the money market created by the sale of one million and a half of Treasury bills, which were allotted yesterday at slightly above 2 per cent premium, and by bids for the new South Australian Government 4 per cent loan of three and one quarter millions, which at a minimum of 92 1-2 was covered nearly five times over. No allotments were made below 93 3-4.

General Roberts at Cabul, replying to a telegram sent by a relative, says: "Nobody was executed unless convicted of participating in the attack on the British residency."

Germany.

BERLIN, February 5.—Rear Admiral Batsch, commander of the German squadron at the time of the collision by which the Grosser Kurfurst was sunk, has been promoted to the rank of Vice-Admiral.

Von Arnim, formerly Prussian Embassador to France, and convicted of treason in '76, but who has since resided at Florence, is seriously ill in that city. His son has gone there in haste.

THE RAILWAY BILL.

The bill for purchase of the Rhinish and Berlin and Potsdam and Magdeburg railways by the Government was read the second time in the Landtag yesterday.

A Berlin correspondent says that intimations this morning in some semi-official papers that an increase in the German army is intended even beyond that already announced, namely, by the formation of special Alsace-Lorraine regiments, have caused no little sensation. It is understood that Baron Manteuffel, Governor-General of Alsace-Lorraine, supports the proposal as tending to create a national feeling in the annexed provinces.

Cuba.

NEW YORK, February 5.—A letter from Havana says the recent earthquake left all public buildings and most private houses, except those of wood, in San Cristobal in a heap of ruins. In the Vuelta Abajo sulphurous eruptions took place.

Austria.

LONDON, February 5.—The Brussels Europe newspaper states that Mgr. Vannutelli, Papal Nuncio of that city, has been ordered to Vienna to replace Cardinal Jacobini, recalled to Rome to supersede Cardinal Nina as Papal Secretary of State.

Mesopotamia.

PARIS, February 5.—French missionaries in Mosul give a painful account of the ravages of famine in Mesopotamia and Kurdistan, where Christians, Jews and Mahommedans all suffer.

Italy.

ROME, February 5.—The College of the Propaganda will give 7,000 lire to the relief of Irish distress.

France.

PARIS, February 5.—Isaac Adolph Cremieux, life Senator, is seriously ill.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—For Tennessee and Ohio valleys, southerly to westerly winds, slowly falling barometer and slight rise in temperature during rest of Thursday, with clear or partly cloudy weather. For Lower Lake Region, partly cloudy weather and light snow, south to west winds, and during rest of Thursday falling barometer and slight rise in temperature. For Upper Lake Region, light snow, followed by cooler, partly cloudy weather, westerly to southerly winds, slight rise, followed by falling barometer. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, southwest to northwest winds, nearly stationary, followed by falling barometer, slight changes in temperature and clear or partly cloudy weather, except in northern portions, areas of light snow.

A Conductor and Engineer Tried for Manslaughter.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—In the case of Elwood Johnson and John Ewing, the engineer and conductor of the freight train on the Philadelphia and Atlantic City Narrow Gauge Railroad, which came in collision with the special passenger train on the 14th of August last and charged with manslaughter, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty as to the conductor. They were unable to agree as to the engineer.

Death of Ex-Secretary Borie.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—Adolph E. Borie, ex-Secretary of the Navy, died this morning. Borie had been in ill-health for a long time, and his demise is attributed to the general breaking down of his system. His death occurred at half-past 3 this morning; age 71.

A Texas Court-House Burned.

DALLAS, TEXAS, February 5.—The Dallas County Court-house was burned yesterday. Many valuable papers were destroyed. The building cost $100,600; loss about half that amount. The fire is regarded as incendiary.

A $35,000 Fire.

BIDDEFORD, ME., February 5.—The Staples marble block was gutted and Jordan & Bryant's brick block badly damaged by fire this morning. Loss, $35,000; insured for $20,000.

McNEILL'S DEFENSE.

His Reply to the Charge of Murdering Citizens.

Senator Vest Preparing to Prove the Case Against Him.

Developments in the Freedman's Bank Swindle.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—McNeil is defending himself before the sub-Judiciary Committee of the Senate. He filed a rejoinder to Vests charges, setting forth that the man he shot at Palmyra were rebel guerrillas and outlaws. Vest will go into the case before the committee far enough to prove that they were citizens not in the Confederate service at all. Fogg, of Louisiana, arrived to-day and is trying to get himself appointed Marshal at St. Louis after McNeil's rejection. He won't get any support of Missouri Congressmen. Fagg ran against Buckner for Congress as a Greenbacker and Buckner will now cook his goose.

A CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK.

Senator Jonas received a telegram from New Orleans saying that the A. C. Wells nominated for Surveyor of the Port of New Orleans is a son of Madison Wells. This was denied even by Kellogg, and Democrats are determined to reject Wells. His nomination is simply a trick of old Wells and Hayes to keep the office in Well's family. Jonas has already called upon Democratic Senators to stand by him in rejecting Wells, and all agree to do

THE FREEDMAN'S BANK.

The Senate Committee on the Freedman's Bank, to-day, examined R. W. Tompkins, former bookkeeper of the bank, and now holding a Government office here. Tompkins had brought the bank out in debt to him $145; but it was shown that he really owed it $1,300. Leaves in the bank journal containing Tompkins' account were torn out, and he said his pass-book was lost. He could not explain the discrepancy, except to say that he must have made deposits that were not credited to him. Another former book-keeper, named Fleetwood, confessed to an error in favor of a depositor, named Anderson, that he defrauded the bank out of over $600r The bankbooks have been torn and mutilated to destroy evidences of fraud in many case.

A DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

Democratic Senators held a caucus this afternoon to form a special committee on interoceanic communication. It was merely a matter of form, and nothing else was done. Expressions were all in favor of enforcing the Monroe doctrine.

FROST'S SPEECH.

Mr. Frost made a speech in the House this afternoon, favoring the transferring of the control of appropriations for the Mississippi River and tributaries from the Commerce Committee to the Committee on Mississippi Levees. He said the Commerce Committee was overworked and neglects the Mississippi, and produced figures showing that the sea coasts had two and a half times as much money from the Government as the Mississippi Valley. He called special attention to the St. Charles harbor and its need of early repairs.

Militia Statistics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 5.—From the report submitted to Congress by the Secretary of War. It appears that the organized strength of the militia force of the different States consist of 145 general officers,, 1,605 regimental field and staff officers, 6,195 company officers, and 117,037 non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates. The unorganized force or number of men available for military duty is put down as 6,516,758.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The motion of Senator Davis, of Virginia, that when the Senate adjourn to-day it be to meet on Monday next was opposed by Senators Hoar and Paddock and advocated by Senator Allison and others, the former urging the back ard state of business, and the latter claiming that business can be better facilitated by work in committees than in the Senate at this stage of the session. The motion was defeated; yeas, 17; nays, 32.

Beck gave notice that he would object to any bill being taken up out of its regular order on the calendar. After some discussion the resolution submitted yesterday by Anthony was adopted, that the Senate shall each day proceed to the consideration of the calendar of general order, the debate to be limited to five minutes.

An objection to carry any bill over the first bill on the calendar was made against the bill to prohibit military interference at elections.

Allison—I object to that. [Laughter.]

Blaine—Why object to that?

Cockrell—There can be no objection to that. [Laughter.]

The bill was laid aside.

A number of other bills were objected to or referred to committees.

The bill to amend the census act was considered. It requires the enumeration in cities having over 10,000 inhabitants to be made in two weeks from June 1, 1880, instead of four weeks as provided by the original act. It also contains several provisions as to details in the duties of census officers.

The bill finally passed.

The bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to deposit certain Indian funds in the United States Treasury in lieu of an investment was discussed, and, on motion of Garland, postponed without prejudice to its place on the calendar.

The Senate then went into executive session.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 5.—The Senate bill for the conversion of National gold banks passed.

Mr McLane, chairman of the Committee on Pacific Railroads reported a bill to create a sinking fund for the Kansas Pacific, Sioux City and Pacific and central branch of the Union Pacific railroad companies, which was ordered printed and recommitted.

The following bills were introduced by Mr. O'Connor, and referred: Making silver certificates receivable at the United States Treasury in redemption of circulating notes of the issue of national banks; requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to pay current interest on all registered United States bonds without respect to the date of the assignment or transfer.

Consideration was then resumed of the bill regulating the removal of causes from State to Federal Courts.

The morning hour having expired without action on the bill relative to the State and Federal Courts, the House went into a Committee on Revision of Rules.

About a Vicious Dog.

James Powers was arraigned this morning in the the Second District Police Court for being the owner of a wicked dog. The dog bit a little child of Mrs. McClellan, who occupies the same yard as Powers, rear of 1206 Collins street. When the mother of the child complained to Powers he refused to exterminate the canine, but afterwards changed his mind, and had the animal drowned. Mrs. McClellan, not knowing of the demise of the dog, had a warrant issued for Powers. Judge Powers ably conducted the suit for his namesake, and after a great effort had him discharged.

A Void Ordinance.

Fred Mullenhoff was fined $25 in the Police Court some time since on the complaint of Wm. H. Rudolph, Inspector of Weights and Measures, for using a bushel measure which had not been approved by the Inspector. In reviewing the case Judge Cady cited a number of authorities bearing on the point and decided that the ordinance which establishes a standard bushel in St. Louis is void. The opinion is rather a lengthly one, and the provisions of the Scheme and Charter are reviewed.

School Board Notes.

The Committee on Supplies meets to-night.

The Committee on the Course of Study devoted this afternoon to the subject of kindergartens.

To-morrow the following committees will meet: Building, 4:30 o'clock; Teachers', [illegible] o'clock, and Ways and Means, at 7:30 o'clock.

WE HAVE THE HOTELS.

Ample Room for the National Democratic Convention.

St. Louis Ahead of Cincinnati in That Respect--An Erroneous Impression Dissipated.

St. Louis has always been noted as a modest city. It hasn't the brazen cheek of Chicago and towns of that disreputable ilk, but it would perhaps be good for if it were a little more energetic in urging its claims before the public. Modesty is a peculiar vice of St. Louis, and this occasionally runs into meekness. For instance, some of the gentlemen interviewed yesterday as to the possibility of securing the National Democratic Convention for St. Louis, while acknowledging its desirableness, yet deprecated any attempt to attain that end by asserting that St. Louis lacked the needed hotel accommodation. The Southern no longer existed. "We couldn't accommodate the crowds that would flock hither." Such was the cry of people who spoke apparently ex catuedra. Now if St. Louis refuses to blow her own trumpet, but persistently belittles herself, whom are we to expect to advocate its claims. Already it has gone abroad as an accepted and indisputable fact that St. Louis has not hotels sufficient to accommodate the people who always attend national conventions and the newspapers have heralded this news far and wide. And yet it is a fact that is there not a particle of truth in the assertion. St. Louis has ample hotel accommodation for all the persons who would come here. In order to settle this question a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH interviewed the proprietors of the leading hotels to-day, and the collective opinion of these experts is that the hotels of St. Louis can contain as many people as those of the other cities claiming the convention.

MR. GRISWOLD,

of the Lindell, was the first gentleman called upon and he met the inquiry by retorting:

"Did you ever hear that there is more hotel accommodation in St. Louis than Cincinnati? That sounds strange, doesn't it! Did you ever hear a Cincinnati man complain that they had not hotels enough? It is our own people who run the city down. Now, sir, Cincinnati is trying to get the Democratic National Convention held there, and no one says she hasn't got enough hotels. And yet I tell you there are more hotels and hotel accommodations in St. Louis than in Cincinnati. Now, look, here is a list of the hotels of the two cities.

ST. LOUIS.	CINCINNATI.
Lindell,	Grand Hotel,
Laclede,	Gibson House,
Planters',	Burnett House,
Barnum's,	Hotel Emory,
Hotel Barnum,	Reed's,
Hurst's,	St. James,
Everett,	Madison,
St. James,	Indiana,
Hotel Hunt,	Henrie,
Windsor,	Crawford,
Belvedere,	Hurst's,
St. Nicholas,	Walnut Street.
Olive street Hotel,	
Park Hotel,	
Beaumont.	

"Now, sir, in each city there are four first-class hotels. Well, the Lindell is equal to the Grand, the Laclede is larger than the Gibson, the Planters' is equal to the Burnett, and Barnum's is equal to the Emory. In addition to these, St. Louis has eleven hotels against Cincinnati's eight. Which has the better accommodations, eh? But there are several hotels of a lower class I have not enumerated. So that settles the hotel question. Now, another strong point in favor of St. Louis: In St. Louis there are more private residences that desire roomers during times like the convention and fair than there are in Cincinnati, by long odds. During fair week, for instance, our counter is crowded with cards of those people who are anxious to get boarders if we are full. But in the hotels alone we can accommodate 10,000 people at a push and I defy Cincinnati to make such a show as that. Yet no one ever says a word against that city. In Cincinnati next week the Southern Railroad will be opened, and the city has invited the whole business community of the whole Southwest to come and be the guests of the city. There will be more people in Cincinnati next week than there will be at the Democratic National Convention wherever it is held. During last Fair week when the Veiled Prophets procession occurred, a very low and modest estimate of the number of strangers in town is 50,000, and St. Louis accommodated them all. And the hotels were not filled to their utmost capacity. That is a great many more people than attended the last Democratic Convention."

Mr. Griswold was very emphatic in his statements, and certainly his facts and figures corroborated and verified all that he said.

MR. CHAISSANG,

of the Laclede, was called upon. He poohpoohed the notion that St. Louis had not enough hotel accommodation. "Why," said he, "during Fair week not one of the hotels was crowded to its fullest capacity, and there were thousands more people here than will attend the Democratic National Convention. Numbers of private persons who were anxious to secure boarders did not get them. We can manage to give board and lodging to all that will come."

"But hasn't the destruction of the Southern diminished the hotel capacity?"

"Not in the least. Since that was destroyed three new hotels have been erected, the Hotel Barnum, the Hotel Hunt, and the Windsor has also been fitted up as a hotel, [illegible] these three more than counterbalance [illegible] of the Southern. Their united capacity [illegible] greater than the single capacity of the Southern ever was. You see that question about the Southern is all nonsense. We have better and larger hotel accommodation than we did when the last convention met here."

MR. KELSEY,

of the Planters', also ridiculed the idea of a lack of hotel accommodation in St. Louis. "If we could accommodate the immense crowds that visited the city during Fair week we certainly can manage the comparatively fewer number that would come here to the convention. Our hotel arrangements are better now than they were four years ago." Thus the united testimony of experts bears witness that the hotel accommodation of St. Louis is now better than it was four years ago, and also that St. Louis can accommodate more strangers than Cincinnati. So the one great argument advanced against the selection of St. Louis falls to the ground. All that is now to be done to secure the presence of the convention is united and pressing effort. Action should be taken at once without delay.

Lorne and Louise.

TORONTO, February 5.—The Vice Regal party arrived at half-past two this morning. They were officially received and warmly welcomed at eight.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis

(Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY.	
One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC THEATER—Sothern.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Weathersby-Goodwin.
POPE'S THEATER—The Florences.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Performance.

IT should be steadily borne in mind that Pennsylvania is the only State in the Union in which the Republican party is exclusively owned and manipulated by the Cameron family.

MR. PARNELL is to visit St. Louis on the 4th of March next. The great agitator will never know what red-hot reception is until he visits the F. G., but we could have done better if he had waited until August.

OWING to extraordinary precautions taken by the great military leaders of England, Queen Victoria managed to pass to and from Parliament House to-day without having her nerves disturbed by a crazy assassin.

IN the matter of the Panama Canal, the New York *Graphic* has probably formulated the national sentiment in representing Uncle Sam as saying to De Lesseps: "You scoop it out and I'll scoop it in—when I want it."

IF there is any truth in the story that Grant has no intention of being a candidate for a third term, now is the time for him to sling his letter of declination to the breezes. A telegram from Havana would do the business.

THE Camerons have been in Washington under several administrations. They prefer Grant's style of doing business to all others. As a matter of fact, the Camerons know what it is to have a man of the Grant pattern in the White House.

HON. ADOLPH E. BORIE, the wealthy Philadelphian, whose chief distinction, outside of his money, was that he served for a brief period in Grant's Cabinet as Secretary of the Navy, died this morning. He traveled last year with Grant in India and China, and was an active factor in the Third-Term movement.

A MR. P. P. PORTER, of South Fourth street, this city, yesterday dislocated his jaw while yawning. If the unfortunate episode had occurred early in the day, instead of at five o'clock in the afternoon, we could have placed our finger on the morning newspaper most likely to be responsible for the sad case of *ennui*.

JOHN SHERMAN has received a set-back in Georgia. One of his Revenue Collectors down there, a son of the celebrated Republican Jah, Foster Blodgett, has been charged with drunkenness, gambling, general wickedness and the stealing of a $50 pointer dog. The man who steals a dog ought to be with the great Grant movement and that's where we will next hear of Collector Blodgett, no doubt.

WE learn from Chicago that the Society for the Prevention of Vice has gone to work with great vigor in that city. It has arrested a number of persons accused of circulating and dealing in obscene literature. The taxpayers are more interested in the arrest of the thieves and murderers who are holding saturnalia in their town, but the society understands the importance of striking at the root of the thing, we presume.

PRIVATE dispatches from Southern Kansas announce that preparations are being made for another tremendous raid on the Indian Territory when the wild-flowers blossom in the spring. Some gentlemen have recently returned from the land of Canaan, bringing with them some chunks of silver quartz which they knocked off a hill-side *en passant*, and this argentiferous find has inflamed the border settlers to such an extent that nothing but a wall of fire can keep them from invading the garden reservation of the gentle savage. "Private dispatches" of this character are very serviceable in Washington about this time. They take the place of the lobby in boosting Senator Vest's Oklahoma bill.

A BIG row is being raised in Washington by the Republican delegation from New York because Mr. Hayes has seen fit to confer the office of Appraiser of the Port of New York upon one John Quincy Howard, of Ohio. Howard is a literary man with a tendency to [illegible]. He wrote a campaign life of Hayes about four years ago, and on the strength of that job has been a hanger-on about the White House. He first begged to be sent out of the country on a foreign mission, but Hayes finally quartered him in the New York Custom-House. [illegible] New Yorkers [illegible] they have [illegible] Federal of- [illegible] statesmen in [illegible] heard of the [illegible] of State lines by the Hayes administration. This is said by some people to be a [illegible]. If the theory is correct [illegible] to quarrel about the State [illegible] happens to have been [illegible].

QUEEN VICTORIA to-day visited Westminster palace and opened Parliament in person with great pomp and ceremony. Of late years her Majesty has performed this high official function by proxy. During the Gladstone [illegible] when the Queen was assigned [illegible] secondary position, it was un- [illegible] her at the Parliament House, [illegible] as when it was proposed to ask for an annuity for some of her children. It is claimed now that part of her Majesty's present graciousness is due to the fact that at the present session an additional allowance will be asked for the Prince of Wales. The fact is, however, the Queen takes this method of showing her distinguished approval of the Beaconsfield Ministry. It has been a part of the policy of Beaconsfield to coddle the Queen, to exalt her prerogatives and dance attendance at Buckingham Palace. The Queen likes Disraeli and she wants the country to know it, but in spite of her marked preference the probabilities are that the Beaconsfield Ministry will be overturned. Only a year or so ago her Majesty snubbed Mr. Gladstone by failing to invite him to the wedding of her son. When he next visits her it may be in response to a call from the people to resume the reins of government.

THE *Central Baptist* of the current week quotes liberally from the columns of the St. Louis *Republican* to show that "Old 1808" rests on a solid foundation of infidelity. In concluding his terrible arraignment of the wicked and perverse sheet, the editor of the *Baptist* says:

> Because of the insinuating character of the Republican's infidelity; because of the garb of fine and attractive style with which it clothes its irreligious utterances; because it persists in attempting to undo and overthrow the principles of our holy religion, we warn our patrons against allowing it to come into their families.

This is painfully true. It is not open scoffing and barbaric infidelity on the part of the *Republican* that is sapping society and fast reducing our city to the level of Chicago. It is the insidious, sugar-coated, surreptitious attacks upon religion, clothed in the seductive garb of chaste rhetoric for which our contemporary is so justly celebrated, that are doing the business.

FROM the interviews published in the POST-DISPATCH yesterday and to-day, it will be seen that St. Louis sentiment is strongly in favor of an effort to secure the next Democratic National Convention. All we require now is a committee authorized to go to Washington and assure the National Committee that in the matter of hall and accommodations St. Louis will do her whole duty. Mr. John G. Priest, who is the honored member of the committee for this State, should have taken the initiative some weeks ago, but inasmuch as he has seen fit to do nothing some of our active and prominent citizens should take hold of it at once. A meeting for consultation should be called before the week is out. Let Col. Don Morrison, Hon. Thos. Allen, Senator Armstrong, Col. Broadhead or some of the other recognized leaders of public sentiment and spirit set the ball in motion. The POST-DISPATCH will stand by them and support them, and the man who makes the first move will earn its love and gratitude.

WE can assure our correspondent "Index" (on entirely reliable authority) that there is not a shadow of truth in the surmise that Archbishop Kenrick, of this city, was silenced by the Pope, after the Vatican Council, because of his opposition to the decree of Infallibility. The surmise is founded, "Index" says, on the fact that the Archbishop does not officiate as formerly. But it must be remembered that since the Council he performed the highest function of his office in the ceremony of the consecration of Bishop Ryan, in St. John's Church, and that every morning he celebrates mass in his chapel. Bishop Ryan acts as coadjutor, and exercises powers delegated to him by the Archbishop. A venerable prelate, after nearly forty years of labor in the Episcopacy, may be permitted to rest without suspicion of being silenced. Some of the Bishops who were as strongly opposed to the decree as Archbishop Kenrick have since then been created Cardinals. No man stands higher in the esteem of the Church than Archbishop Kenrick, and no man's talents and devotion to the cause have been more highly appreciated. His age alone prevents that active participancy in affairs which brought him formerly into such close relations with his people, but it is a pleasure to know that in his coadjutor, Bishop Ryan, the Church has found a man whose learning, zeal and eminent executive ability make the partial retirement of the good and venerable Archbishop less regrettable than it might otherwise be.

GRANT VIRTUALLY NOMINATED.

Fifty-eight votes of Pennsylvania positively instructed for Grant!

There will hardly be a contest in New York. The convention will meet at Utica, Conkling's home, on the 25th of this month. The party machine is absolutely under the control of Conkling and openly for a third term. The seventy votes of New York will be instructed for Grant beyond a shadow of doubt. This makes one hundred and twenty-eight votes from the two greatest States in the Union. There is no doubt about the extreme Western and Northern States. Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas and Nebraska are more certain for Grant than Pennsylvania was. Colorado has already instructed for him. Illinois, the State of his so-called home, is sure to have forty-two Grant delegates at Chicago. The South—solid for dark ignorance, worthless carpet-baggers and another dish of spoils and Grantism—will be divided between Sherman and Grant, but the latter will have the great majority. It is improbable that Sherman will have a single State except Ohio and a few bogus delegations from the South—bought by the patronage of the Treasury. Sherman will have no chance whatever. Blaine will have a strong following, but not enough to make a stand against the power of Conkling and Cameron, who both hate him, and who not only own the 128 votes of their States as if in fee simple, but who can say to the convention: "Our two States cast sixty-four electoral votes, or more than a third of the number of votes required to elect. Blaine cannot get them. Grant can. Nominate the latter and we guarantee the electoral vote. Nominate the former and we are beaten." Conkling especially can say with almost irresistible force: "No Republican can be elected without the thirty-five electoral votes of New York. Give the nomination to Grant and these votes are as good as secured, because I can and will instruct my Legislature to appoint the electors, while, if Blaine is the candidate, nothing will be done and he will lose New York."

Grant is practically nominated. The Chicago convention of 1880 will be like the one in 1868—practically unanimous. It is more than likely that both Sherman and Blaine will withdraw their names before the ballot is taken. It is certain that they will do it if they see no prospect of success. Washburne already gallantly leads the way by declaring publicly and positively that he is not a candidate for the Presidency under any circumstances—that he favors Grant—that for himself he will be a candidate for the Governorship of Illinois.

But can Grant be elected?

This question depends upon the Democrats. We are entirely clear that Grant's election is among the serious possibilities. But we are equally confident that nothing short of some extraordinary Democratic stupidity can accomplish it. If the Democracy should act with ordinary wisdom, Grant's overwhelming defeat is absolutely certain. For it is a vastly different thing between four hundred "machine" delegates in a "packed" convention and the more than five million of votes that will be necessary at the polls.

Grant's weakness before the unpurchasable, independent, thinking, patriotic masses, who do not attend the primaries, do not run the machine, do not make their living out of politics, but go to the polls to vote as they please, is in proportion to his strength with the selfish machine politicians who in working for his nomination work for themselves. And how completely the Republican party dishonors itself—how apt it is to commit suicide in this third term business, shall be demonstrated out of their own mouths.

Only three years ago, on the 26th of May, 1876, it was in a Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania that the following resolutions were offered:

> That the unjust aspersions attempted to be made upon the character of the President by his enemies, through their persistent and oft repeated assertions of a desire upon his part to secure a nomination for a third term, are without foundation in fact, an unjust reflection upon the patriotic character of the President and an insult to the people who have honored him with their confidence and suffrages, and we utterly deny and repudiate any intention upon the part of the Republican party to set aside that time-honored precedent established by the Father of His Country, which has become as sacred to the American people as the Constitution itself.

Another delegate offered a second resolution as follows:

> Resolved, That the Republican party of Pennsylvania hereby affirms its adherence to the well defined policy of the fathers of the Republic, which has limited the duration of the time of any incumbent of the Presidential office to a period not exceeding that of Washington and the earlier Presidents, and any departure from these well settled precedents would be unwise, impolitic and contrary to the spirit and genius of a Republican form of government.

Both these resolutions were received with loud and prolonged applause. They were referred to the Committee on Platform. The report of the proceedings says: "The Committee on Resolutions then read the platform. It was listened to with apparent apathy. There was not the slightest manifestation of enthusiasm until the portion referring to the third term was reached, when a storm of enthusiastic applause broke out. For some moments it did not subside, and then there were cries of 'Read that again!' the second reading being as loudly cheered as the first. The resolutions were unanimously adopted." This part of the platform of the Pennsylvania Republicans, which was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted on the 26th of May, 1876, at Lancaster, read as follows:

> Resolved, That we declare a firm, unqualified adherence to the unwritten law of the Republic which wisely and under the sanction of the most venerable of examples limits the Presidential service of any citizen to two terms, and we, the Republicans of Pennsylvania, in recognition of this law, are unalterably opposed to the election to the Presidency of any person for a third term.

Yet by a vote of 133 to 113 the Cameron gang at Harrisburg resolved on yesterday:

> That the delegates elected to the Republican National Convention from this State are hereby instructed to support for the Presidential nomination Gen. U. S. Grant, and to vote as a unit on all questions that may come before the convention.

Was there ever a greater debasement and prostitution of a political party? Is it not as if the Grant machine assumed that the people recollect nothing, know nothing, read nothing, feel nothing, think nothing, do nothing except to slavishly and brainlessly follow the dictation of a set of unscrupulous demagogues?

The Boss Card Writer.

[From the New York World.]

Mr. Proctor has his uses—he seems to have terrified Private Dalzell, that mighty consumer of postal cards, into temporary silence. A match with Mr. Gladstone, to write fifty thousand consecutive letters on five hundred consecutive days, occurs to us as a decidedly nice thing in the way of championship contests.

The Least of Evils.

[From the New York Sun.]

Of course we cannot be expected to support Blaine; but if the Republicans are reduced to the dire extremity of choosing betwin him and Grant, they would do far better to choose Blaine. Blaine, having his pockets already full, might make a comparatively honest administration.

An Official Skimpold.

[From the Springfield Republican.]

Carl Schurz is a good man, but his sense of goodness in other men does not appear to be as sharply developed as it ought to be. Hayt is not the first scoundrel who has practiced on the confidence of the Secretary of the Interior.

Two Points of Difference.

[From the Springfield Republican.]

The United States spends a fourth as much on its navy as the United Kingdom, and the American navy is not one-fortieth as powerful as the British; but the chiefs of the Navy Department retire richer here than they do there.

Why, Oh, Why?

[From the Kansas City Times.]

Why is Mr. Tom Allen so hasty about denying the statement that he made a clear million in a recent deal in railroad stocks? Has the Hon. gent. drawn out of the Senatorial race?

Wanted A Scapegoat.

[From the New York Sun.]

Now that he has dismissed Commissioner Hayt to the friendly obscurity of private life, it behooves Herr Carl Schurz to acquire a new scapegoat without unnecessary delay.

His Only Hope.

[From the Washington Post.]

Mr. Hayes has a settled conviction that the Indian Bureau will never be thoroughly purified until an old line Whig commissioner is installed over it.

Slightly Modified.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

Congress is an awful ass on financial subjects. Still, the braying is not as loud as it was once upon a time.

Gummery Solicited.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

The Hon. Montgomery Blair should resume his serial and tell us in detail what he thinks of the situation.

PUBLIC OPINION.

An Out-and-Out Jay Goulder.

ST. LOUIS, MO., February 2, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In the POST-DISPATCH of the 24th of January the suggestion of W. E. S., mentioning Jay Gould as a candidate for President, is worthy of the most profound consideration. "Among the accessories of modern civilization there is none of greater moment than trade, the spread of which has probably done more than any other single agent to increase the comfort and happiness of man."

I believe it to be a fact that the people of this country have secured more benefit from the completion of the New York Central Railroad by the assistance of Mr. Vanderbilt than from all the eloquence of Webster, Calhoun and Clay combined. And it can also be said that the Union Pacific has done more to destroy the Indians in the past few years than the army.

There is an idia prevalent that to have a country well governed it is necessary for legislators to be lawyers, but this is a mistake, as reference to "every day's law reports reminds us that each decision given is so uncertain that the probability of appeal depends chiefly on the courage or pecuniary ability of the beaten litigant, not on the nature of the decision; and, if the appeal is made, a reversal of the decision is looked for as by no means unlikely."

The transportation of our produce to European countries is a question of vital interest to this country. It is cheap transportation as much as any other cause that enables our farmers to put wheat into Liverpool cheaper than the English farmer can do it.

When the importance of this question arises the name of Jay Gould naturally presents itself as the party having a comprehensive understanding of the subject.

J. C. C.

"THE PREACHER" THOMAS.

He is Sentenced This Morning to the Penitentiary for Five Years.

The only important business transacted at the United States Circuit Court this morning was the sentence passed on A. W. Thomas, "the preacher," for passing counterfeit money. After a long delay in securing the attendance of Mr. Estes, counsel for the prisoner, the preacher was brought into court and interrogated by the Judge.

The court stated to the prisoner that he had been indicted for passing counterfeit money and a verdict of guilty found against him. Before sentence was passed an opportunity would be afforded him to make any statement as to why the sentence should not be made.

Thomas said, "Well, Judge, I hope you will be as lenient as possible, if not for my sake for that of my wife, who is delicate and can not possibly survive a long sentence."

The Court asked Thomas if he had not graced the penitentiary once before.

Thomas replied that he had, but said that he had not enjoyed a fair trial on that occasion and was not guilty of the crime charged against him. He mildly insinuated that if Judge Treat had presided over his first trial he would never have been sentenced.

Mr. Estes spoke a good word for his client, and said that since his acquaintance with him Thomas had conducted himself properly, and not as the hardened villain that he was described. The court in passing the sentence said: "The case seems very clear to me, and with regard to the sorrow of the prisoner's wife, it necessarily follows that the commission of a crime casts its sorrow over the whole household. It is a sad case, as the evidence would show that the prisoner at the bar engaged in the counterfeiting business himself and induced his wife to engage in it also. The sentence of this court is that the prisoner shall be confined in the State Penitentiary at Jefferson City at hard labor for a term of five years. He is also fined $1 and costs."

The District Attorney made a motion for the sentence of Sullivan, but the court stated that owing to domestic trouble he would prefer to pass sentence at a future day. The court then adjourned until to-morrow morning.

East St. Louis.

The Halbert injunction case came up in Belleville yesterday, but was put off until the 16th inst. Mr. Rafter, who was present, arose and said that he did not believe that the Mayor would wish to participate in any endeavor of this kind. Mr. Halbert responded by showing a paper for the injunction signed by Mayor Joyce. This has created considerable talk in East St. Louis, and while it rests with the police, street-laborers and the friends of the five Councilmen now governing the city, Mr. Joyce need never expect election to any office.

The case of Salisbury against O. W. Hayer of St. Louis, for $5,000 damages occasioned by the death of the plaintiff's husband in the sugar refinery on the Island about a year ago, came up in the City Court to-day. Messrs. Millard, Green and Hite appear for the plaintiff and Mr. Britton A. Hill of St. Louis for the defendant.

Another row occurred on one of the ferry boats Tuesday evening. Pat Long, of the Ferry Company, became involved in a dispute with James Brown, a transfer driver, which resulted in the former inflicting a large gash on Brown's head.

Frank Clark, the man who fell from the bridge approach last night, and was found lying on the ground unconscious, died of his injuries this morning. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day, at which the facts of the accident, which are at present not known, will be brought out.

The Coroner's jury in the inquest held last night on the body of Richards, the switchman, rendered a verdict of death by being run over. The paper neither blamed nor exculpated the company, leaving room for damage suits.

A Midnight Parade.

The Knights of Maccabees will make their first annual parade Mardi Gras night at 12 o'clock. The organization now numbers about 100 men, and the membership is daily increasing. A new tent of the association will be established during the present month with headquarters at Druids' Hall. At the last meeting of the order it was decided to distribute the provisions, which is an essential feature of the parade, at the different police stations, to be by the police given to the needy and suffering poor of the neighborhood. The procession will form on Tuesday night preceding Ash Wednesday at the hall corner of Broadway and Monroe streets. The line of march is as follows: From the hall down Fifth street to Walnut; down Walnut to Fourth; up Fourth to the northern portion of the city, stopping at the North Market Street Police Station and the Penrose Station to deliver the provisions for distribution among the poor. From the last named location the procession will proceed to the Fair Grounds, and from there will walk back to the hall. The Knights will be attired in appropriate costumes, all bearing the Maltese Cross, the emblem of the fraternity. Music will be provided, and it is expected to make the display in every way creditable to the newly established Knights of Maccabees.

Knights of Honor.

The first public entertainment of the Banner Lodge of the Knights of Honor will be held this evening at the Laclede Hall, corner of Easton and Garrison avenues. An invitation has been extended to all friends of the order and a large attendance is expected. The programme prepared for the occasion consists of the opening address, delivered by J. W. Brauch, Grand Dictator, to be followed by vocal and instrumental music. Among the musicians who have tendered their services are Dr. E. G. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Yardall, Miss Flora E. S. Pike, Mrs. J. W. Batdorf, E. A. Becker, Dr. P. H. Cronin and the members of the West End Club.

Legion of Honor.

Stella Council No. 14, L. of H., holds its regular meeting to-night at 7:30 at Union Hall, corner Benton street and Broadway. This Council has been but a month in existence, but it numbers among its membership some of the leading citizens of North St. Louis, and a number of additions to its ranks are expected to-night. Members of sister councils are cordially invited to be present this evening, and those who have signified their intention of becoming members are requested to report at the hall promptly at the above named hour.

Crushed to Death.

Frank Lester, an engineer on the Ohio and Mississippi road, was killed at Xenia, Illinois, about 3 o'clock this morning. While coming down grade at a rapid rate the connection between the engine and the tender gave way and the engine shot off a distance of several hundred feet before it could be reversed. After stopping the engine Lester leaned backward, probably to ascertain the cause of the accident, when the remainder of the train ran into the engine, crushing him horribly. Death ensued in a few minutes.

Second District Police Court.

There were twenty six cases docketed in this court to-day. Dora Preston and Lucy Anderson, inmates of a disreputable house, were fined $5. Wm. Eldridge, Chas. Rielly and J. J. Hennessy were arraigned for disturbing the peace. The cases against Lizzie Jackson, George Long, Annie Fanchon and Mike Grace, for keeping disreputable houses, were continued. Sarah Watson, Emma Kenisay, Mary McCabe, Bridget Corlpore and Mary Quialish were fined $3 each for being drunk on the streets.

THE COAL FAMINE.

Caused by a Pool of Operatives and Railroad Lines.

Its Effect Upon the Heavy Factories and the City Poor.

Coal has been scarcer and higher this winter than it has been for a number of years, and, although the greatest coal producing mines in the country lie just beyond the river, intersected by half a dozen railroad lines, and all of them within fifty miles of the town, the heavy factories in St. Louis find it absolutely impossible to accumulate any coal at all. It appears that only enough coal comes into the city every day to supply that day's demand, and that there is not now ten loads of surplus coal within the corporate limits of the town. The coal famine has been carefully produced and manipulated by the operators and the railroad lines. They have formed a pool which has been an eminently satisfactory one in its pecuniary results to its component parts. When the idea was first started last summer the different operators were cutting into each other on rates, and the railroads were measuredly doing the same thing on freights, and the result was cheap and abundant coal in St. Louis. This condition of things was regarded in two very different lights by the producers and the consumers, and the producers soon planned out a means by which the market could be kept in a better condition. A pool was formed among the lines passing through the coal beds, in which a forfeit was put up by each road of $60,000, whereby each bound itself not to bring in on any one day more than fifty car loads of coal. The lines entering into this compact were the Ohio and Mississippi, the Vandalia, the Indianapolis and St. Louis, the Chicago and Alton, the Cairo Short Line, the St. Louis and Southeastern and the Illinois Central, and of course the different coal merchants have been very glad to form a subsidiary pool.

THE EFFECT.

The immediate result of this has been felt most by the very large factories, the Helmbacher Forge, the Harrison Wire Works and Chouteau, Harrison & Valle, and in fact by all of those whose business requires a large and steady stream of fuel. None of these great factories can run safely without at least two weeks' supply ahead, and neither of the three establishments named are able to accumulate what they will burn in a day. The result is dangerous—some slight accident to the means of supply would disarrange the whole delicate machinery by which the town is fed with coal, and somebody would have to suffer. A POST-DISPATCH reporter talked with different representatives of the heaviest factories this morning and found them all indignant at the course of the pool. "What can we do?" said one gentleman. "They can cut off our supply of coal altogether, and that would be ruinous. I have tried to evade the pool by getting coal from Indiana, but even then I cannot get more than four car loads a day; the Ohio and Mississippi will not bring me in any more, and the result is that I might as well buy from the operators here. I am forced to pay $20 a car freight, and I can't even then get all the coal I want."

"Is it not a fact that the Vulcan is accumulating coal rapidly now?"

"Yes. Now that it is idle they are getting something of a stock on hand, but you ask Mr. Stumm how much he would accumulate if the works were running. Why, they have brought this matter to such a fine point that he could not get twenty bushels ahead to save himself. And then ask him how he likes to do business that way, and he will tell you that it is a very dangerous thing."

The strength and character of the pool may be imagined from the fact that none of these gentlemen would allow their names to be used, not wishing to draw down on themselves the vengeance of the pool.

HOW THE POOR SUFFER.

While the heavy factories suffer under this hardship the poor of the city are worse afflicted. They find it impossible to buy coal in many cases, and the price has been forced up on them by the manner in which laws of supply and demand have been interfered with. Coal which is now selling at fourteen cents a bushel ought not to cost more than eight, and it is the retail buyers who feel the rise in price most acutely. The Rev. Dr. Lack, the almoner of the Provident Association, was met by a reporter and asked about the state of the coal market. "Coal is very high and very scarce," he said, "and the poor are suffering in consequence. Of course, we are not able to meet all the demands upon us, but we find it impossible to keep the poor warm with coal as high and as hard to get as it is."

"What have you paid for coal this winter?"

"About fourteen cents on an average. We have got coal for twelve and a half, and we have had to pay as high as sixteen cents for it."

"Would it materially lessen the suffering of the poor if coal could be bought for less money?"

"Well, that is a simple problem in arithmetic. If we could get three bushels of coal where we now get two, we could increase the bounds of our charity that much. If there is any pool holding up the price it certainly is a bad thing for the city's helpless poor."

Captain Hu bler was asked about the police coal charity, but it was found that nothing but provisions were issued from the Third District Station.

A member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, Mr. Frank Golding, corroborated Mr. Lack's statements, and said that their association was finding extreme difficulty in procuring coal for their poor. "It is not alone the price," he said, "but the extreme scarcity of the article. The dealers are not all anxious to sell even at the present exorbitant figures, and, if this is the result of a pool or combination, it is one that will wring most of its profits out of the suffering of the sick and feeble, poor who cannot care for themselves and for whom we are unable to provide."

PARNELL PROMISED.

He will be Here Positively on the 4th of March.

The Irish-American citizens have now taken hold in earnest of the work of obtaining relief for the sufferers by famine in Ireland. Several Land Leagues have been formed, and efforts are being made to organize others throughout the city. The executive committee of Land League No. 2 are especially active in this latter work, and Dan Sexton, the secretary, has issued calls for mass meetings for the purpose of forming additional Irish leagues. Already three separate meetings have been called, one on Friday evening next at eight o'clock, at St. Patrick's Hall, another on Tuesday evening next, at the same hour, in the hall corner of Third and Convent streets, and a third at the Three-Mile House, on the St. Charles Rock Road, in the Twenty-eighth Ward, on the same evening. It is anticipated that organizations will be perfected at these meetings and two or three more leagues formed. These measures were resolved upon last night by the executive committee of League No. 2, which met at the office of Justice B. P. Taaffe. Amongst those present were the following active workers in the cause: Jeremiah Sheehan, John Grogan, Dr. J. J. Kane, Andrew F. Brown, John J. Daly, Morris Maloney, Jos. McDonnell, Peter T. Madden, M. W. Hogan, James McCaughey, Daniel Sexton and James Kennedy. A telegram was received from Mr. Alexander Sullivan, who is managing the arrangements of Parnell's tour, inquiring which date would be preferable for the Irish agitator's visit to St. Louis, March 4 or 17. After a brief consultation it was decided that the former date would be the better of the two, and a dispatch of this tenor was accordingly sent to Mr. Sullivan. It may therefore now be regarded as a fixed fact that Parnell will arrive in St. Louis on March 4, when he will probably be accorded a rousing reception.

At the meetings which are called to organize the Irish Land Leaguers various gentlemen of oratorical ability have promised to attend and speak on behalf of Ireland. The various associations have already issued subscription books to certain of their members who are authorized to canvass for subscriptions.

Woman's Suffrage Association.

Mrs. Virginia L. Minor, the president, and Miss E. B. Buckley, the secretary of the St. Louis National Woman's Suffrage Association, have announced a meeting of that association for this evening at 7:30 in the directors' room of Mercantile Library Hall. The meeting will be public, and open to all who choose to attend. Several addresses will be made, and amongst those who will speak are Mrs. Thos. Curtis who is expected to lecture in opposition to universal suffrage, and Mr. William Busch, the title of whose discourse will be "Pebbles on the Shore of Suffrage." Various ladies have also promised to speak on other topics, and a most interesting meeting is anticipated.

The Grau Opera Season.

At 9 o'clock this morning the sale of seats for Maurice Grau's season of grand French opera commenced at the box office of the Grand Opera-house. A clean box sheet was presented to the first comers, and the rush for seats lasted steadily and continuously all day. The sale is an exceedingly large one and must be very gratifying to the management. Great delight was expressed by the purchasers at the fact that the prices were reduced and popular. Reserved seats are sold for $1 50, and, as this is a venture, it is to be hoped the St. Louis public will respond with liberal patronage. At every other city the reserved seats have been sold at $2. When Mapleson was here the cry was, the prices are too high. Now they are reduced, and the experiment will be carefully watched.

A DEAD EXODUS.

Removing the Bones From the Old Hebrew Graveyard

To a New Home in the Cemetery at Mount Olive.

The dead are being taken from the old burying ground of the United Hebrew Congregation, situated since 1837 on the corner of Jefferson avenue and Gratiot street, to the new Hebrew cemetery at Mount Olive, nine miles out of town, on the Clayton road. Mr. A. Gershon, the superintendent of the new cemetery, is overseeing the process of removal and a gang of laborers are at work getting the bodies above ground and fitting them up in new boxes for their ride into the country. The old burying ground is a little lot of ground one hundred feet front by two hundred and eleven deep, fenced round with a high boarded inclosure, and looking from the outside as little like a graveyard as one could imagine. The railroad tracks on one side, and the saloons and fancy stores on the other, add but little to the looks of the place, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter who went out to see the process of removal had much difficulty in finding the bone-cumbered patch where so many bodies repose.

UNEARTHING THE BODIES.

Getting at last to the gates and throwing one of them off its hinges in winning entry, the reporter approached a group of men who were digging at a grave and stated his mission. The grave was one of many which were uncovered in the lot, all of them being very shallow and many of them containing two and three bodies. Mr. Gershon stated that over five hundred bodies were interred within the narrow bounds. "They little thought," he said, "when this piece of ground was bought, in 1837, how strong the Hebrew element would become in St. Louis in thirty years. We have a fine place to move them to at Mount Olive. The new cemetery is seven acres in size and beautifully situated."

"How soon will you have these removals made?"

"It will take some days. You see we are just beginning the work and there are so many bodies to move."

"Many of these bodies are, of course, unidentified?"

"Yes, a great number. We have no records of the first years of the cemetery except that the first man buried here, in 1837, was named Picard. A great many of the bodies are unknown."

The reporter strolled through the yard, noting the many old lime-stone tombstones with curious Hebrew and sometimes no less curious English inscriptions on them. For instance one stone tells that

HERE RESTS THE REMAINS OF JACOB JACKS,
WHO DIED HIGH AGED
SOME OVER 80 YEARS TEISATH 17.

The remainder is obliterated. All of the tombs contain some Hebrew inscriptions, and some of them nothing but Hebrew. In the graves the coffins have crumbled away to mere shreds of wood, inclosing what can no longer be recognized as mortal remains. The bodies show nothing now but a skull and some of the larger bones, which were gathered as tenderly as such work can be done and put in neat pine boxes for transport to their future homes.

THE NEW CEMETERY.

A great majority of the bodies will go to the new Jewish cemetery at Mount Olive, as stated, but some of them will be buried again in Bellefontaine. How long a time they will remain in their new resting place before the fast growth of the city and the stringent requirements of the Board of Health make a new exodus of the dead necessary, is a question which no one can answer.

AMUSEMENTS.

Olympic.

A change was effected in the programme at the Olympic last night, and "The Crushed Tragedian" was substituted for Dundreary, Mr. Sothern assuming the role of the "crushed," De Lacy Fitzaltamont. The piece can scarcely be called a comedy, as all its effects depend upon broad farcical business and dialogue. It will never prove much of an attraction, although Sothern makes as much of Fitz as possible. But the character of the stage-struck hero is so overdrawn, such an impossible caricature and such a broad burlesque that it can never attain much popularity. Some of the scenes dragged painfully. Mr. Sothern secured a recall at the end of the third act, and the curtain was rung up three times at the end of the fourth, a success achieved by pure variety business. Mr. Sothern's "Crushed" has not the vitality of "Dundreary," and is far inferior to it as an eccentric character. Of the support last evening little can be said. None of the members of the company rose above mediocrity, and, although the author has sketched the various parts with sharp, distinctive outlines, it was apparent that the actors had not grasped the conception of their respective roles. To-night what is termed the "Two Brothers Bill" will be presented, embracing "Dundreary's Brother Sam," presented, we think, for the first time here, and "Dundreary Married and Settled." To-morrow night "David Garrick" and the farce of "An Alarming Sacrifice."

Notes.

The sale of seats for the Grau French Opera Company commenced this morning at the Grand Opera-house.

Mr. and Mrs. Florence are still appearing in their new play "A Million." To-night will be its last representation. To-morrow and Saturday evening "The Mighty Dollar."

At the Grand Opera house the Weathersby Froliques are drawing good houses in "Hobbies." Nat Goodwin's imitations of famous "stars" is a special feature of the performance.

Mr. Henry G. Hanchett proposes to give a series of "occasionals" upon alternate Friday evenings at the Beethoven Conservatory. The exercises will consist of short familiar talks upon current and general topics connected with the musical art, followed by a recital of piano-forte selections. Mr. Hanchett will endeavor to secure some professional co-operation, and will ask some of his pupils, occasionally, to assist. The aim is to assist students of music to a broader and more general culture in the art, and those who wish are invited to make inquiries and suggest topics. The "occasionals" will occupy about an hour, beginning at 8 o'clock. The subject for Friday evening, February 6, will be The Scale.

The Foresters.

A new court of Foresters will be instituted in this city next Friday evening, at No. 3715 Cass avenue. The order numbers 1,200 members in the State of Missouri, and includes twenty-one different lodges in St. Louis. The new court will be known as Court Missouri No. 21, and is composed of a fair share of the leading citizens.

MR. ALBERT ROCHER, 349 Avenue B, New York, was cured of Rheumatism by a single application of St. Jacobs Oil, and recommends this wonderful remedy to sufferers from this painful disease.

FACTS ABOUT IMMIGRATION.

The State Superintendent's Trip to New York,

Views of Mr. Andrew McKinley—The Outlook for Immigration and Plans for the Future.

Mr. Andrew McKinley, State Superintendent of Immigration and President of the Board of Immigration Commissioners, returned a couple of days ago from New York, where he had been on business connected with the furtherance of immigration to this State. He was found this afternoon at the office of the board in the Insurance Building, at Sixth and Locust, and readily imparted the results of his trip to a POST-DISPATCH reporter.

Mr. McKinley said that he had visited New York and inspected Castle Garden and familiarized himself with the arrangements there for receiving immigrants, but found that little could be done in that direction. As the representative of the State of Missouri he was treated with every courtesy and every facility afforded him in his work. He found that most of those landing at Castle Garden had already fixed upon their destination, having been influenced in their resolve by the emigration agencies abroad. Missouri, however, was not so represented, and therefore he found little could be accomplished at Castle Garden. The majority of the immigrants who had not settled upon their homes were, as a rule, a class of people that were not very desirable—rather those who needed than wanted homes.

"While in New York," continued Mr. McKinley, "I conversed with men from every part of the country, and found that Missouri stands well, except a few complaints about its condition and so forth. We are getting into a better position for receiving immigrants. The reports and information from all parts of the State are encouraging, from the South and Southwest, and especially from the Northwestern portion of the State.

"In Castle Garden," added the Immigration Commissioner, "they do not admit agents, whether State or private, on any terms—so that nothing can be achieved inside."

WHAT THE BOARD HAS DONE.

"What has the Board done towards helping along the immigration boom?"

"Well, we will receive within ten days 20,000 copies of a pamphlet containing forty-eight pages—a review of the resources of the State, its adaptability for immigrants, etc.—and they will be distributed where they will do the most good. We have ordered altogether 50,000 copies. But the appropriation is so small that the board cannot do what it would wish."

"How do you intend working up the affair?"

"By considerate and well written articles published in the newspapers at home and abroad, and also by pamphlets. That is the best mode of reaching the intending immigrants, especially through the newspapers. The pamphlets would give more definite information."

"What do you think of the Immigration Convention to be held here in April?"

"I think it will be of the greatest possible service. The State Board is in perfect sympathy and harmony with this movement. We look upon it as the most efficient aid we can secure. As far as the convention is concerned I am not sure it will be the success these gentlemen anticipate, but it will be productive of much good. Competent gentlemen will deliver able essays upon all the resources of the State. It will have a good tone upon the people and go far towards promoting immigration."

"Do you think it would be advisable to establish immigration agencies or offices in Eastern ports—say at New York and Philadelphia?"

"If we had money enough to establish an office in New York with a suitable agent, certainly. We would then exhibit the products of the State, both mineral and agricultural, and that would be of the greatest possible assistance."

"Well, what about establishing agencies in Europe?"

"We can't establish them in Germany, as no emigration agents are received there, but I think it would be desirable to have them if we had the means in England, Ireland and Scotland. I think it would be a good field, judging from the correspondence I have received on the subject."

"What appropriation would it require for the Board to take steps that would insure a speedy influx of immigration?"

"An appropriation of say $15,000 per annum for two or three years would suffice—even less than that might answer.

"I have great confidence, however," added Mr. McKinley, "that immigration will begin to flow into this State in numbers in the spring during the current year, and that the public feeling towards the State of Missouri, and especially the city of St. Louis, is greatly improved of late among all classes of men."

"From where are we to expect the greatest flow of immigrants—from Europe or the Eastern States?"

"We will get them principally from the New England States, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, and even Michigan. There will not be much immigration from Europe for the present—not until some plans are formed for the introduction of agencies and information there. Until then we can't expect any considerable stream."

"My special object," said Mr. McKinley, in conclusion, "was to ascertain what rates we could get from the transportation companies. They would not, however, fix a rate for Missouri until we have a considerable body coming here. At present they will not make any reduction in their usual rates."

AN AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

The National Organization Composed Entirely of Native-Born White Americans.

The sociable of the National American Association was held last evening at the corner of Summit avenue and Market street. During the evening N. C. Claiborne delivered an address, which was listened to with profound attention by the large number in attendance. This organization, which is of a social and benevolent character, was incorporated the 29th of January, 1879, and since that date has been constantly increasing in numbers and influence. The members of this association include a number of Democrats as well as Republicans, and are required to be Americans by birth. There is nothing of a political nature in the affair, as many have supposed: nor is it a branch of the old Know-Nothing party revived.

The association is composed of three branches; first, the National Association, which is supreme and governs the whole order; second, the State Association, which, though subject to the first branch, is still superior to the third or subordinate associations, which are the societies in the cities and throughout the counties. It is provided that any six white native-born American citizens of the United States of sound bodily health and good morals may form a subordinate association. The objects of the order are to unite fraternally all white native-born citizens: to give to its members moral material aid; to improve its members socially; to assist the widows and orphans of deceased members, and to establish a benefit fund or insurance. To show its non-political character the following law was adopted: "The introduction of religion or politics into any association is positively prohibited, but the acknowledgment and reverence of a Supreme Being is enjoined."

The organization is not secret in all particulars, although the initiation and a few other necessary branches are not open to public inspection. In a circular explaining the advantages of the association, it is stated that every nationality in America except Americans is associated for some such purposes, and the white native-born American is the only one who disclaims fellowship or duty to his countryman.

In concluding the advantages of the association, the following occurs: "It affords a means by which Americans can become acquainted with one another, and it fosters a sentiment of brotherhood and patriotism among native-born white Americans."

TO PARENTS—How often does a slight Cough or Cold lead to the most serious consequences. Keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at home. Physicians prescribe it. Thousands take it. Price 25 cents.

MARINE NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Tom Means, Cairo. Annie, Keokuk.

DEPARTED.

Belle Memphis. Memphis. E. W. Cole, Hickman.
Petrel, Illinois. Pittsburg, Huntington.

BOATS TO LEAVE.

H. C. Yaeger, New Orleans	February 5.
A. P. Silver, New Orleans	February 5.
Victory, Huntington	February 6.
Fearless, Pittsburg	February 7.
Centennial, N. O.	February 7.
F. Lewis, Washita River	February 6.
Annie, Keokuk	February —
Wyoming, Pittsburg	February —
Jno. L. Rhoads, Pittsburg	February —

ON gauge 9 feet 7 inches and on a stand.

THE Iron Mountain is on her way here again from New Orleans.

HENRY DE PRIESTE is now marine reporter of the Memphis Appeal.

MOSE HALL was in St. Louis yesterday and returned home to Quincy.

THE large and comfortable Annie P. Silver will leave for New Orleans this evening.

THOS. LYON, engineer of the steamer Whisper, was killed by accident, a few days ago.

ANNIE brought in 300 tons from Keokuk, through heavy ice, and won't return to-day.

RATES to Lower Mississippi unchanged. Flour to Memphis, 30 cents; to New Orleans, 40 cents.

THE Montana left Sulphur Springs yesterday for Pittsburg, loaded flat. It is said that this boat is very fast when loaded.

THE great trouble about the sale of the Eldorado at Cincinnati is the fact that she wasn't advertised in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH.

VICTORY, Capt. Geo Davis, leaves to-morrow morning for Huntington, W. Va., with four barges and 60,000 bushels bulk corn for Europe.

ANNIE P. SILVER is loading to the water—said to be only 7 feet. She has 150 head stock, all for way points, and her ladies' cabin was all full this morning.

THE beautiful steamer Pittsburg will leave to-day for all points to Pittsburg. She has an elegant cabin and is a first-class passenger boat. Capt. Thornburg commands and Mr. Griffith is clerk.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Feb. 3.—Pres Ellison was sold for $3,800 to the Wheeling and Bellaire Packet Company, for the Wheeling and Bellaire trade, and left at 10 a. m., to be delivered there on arrival.

PITTSBURG Commercial Gazette: The fuel bill of the Carrier on a round trip from St. Louis to New Orleans, 29 days out, was only $1,150, with coal at only 85c per box at lower end of the river. On the same trip she took 800 tons into St. Louis.

PITTSBURGH Chronicle: Capt. Adams' pretty boat, the Alice, is the only one receiving for St. Louis, but the offerings are quite limited. Capt. Joe Todd, of the big D cota, was up from home yesterday. The Dacota loads for St. Louis after the Alice. The Ironsides, with three empty barges, arrived from St. Louis. She discharged her cargo of iron ore at Wheeling.

JULE DOUGLAS took the Iron Mountain to New Orleans. He is much pleased with the barge Great Republic, and remarks that all New Orleans barges should be as large—that is, with a capacity for 100,000 bushels, or 3,000 tons. Mr. Haarstick has a large number of grain barges, the last he had built carrying 50,000 bushels, but he considers them too small.

OUACHITA trade looming up. Fannie Lewis, off at noon to-morrow with 700 tons. The Durfee leaves on Tuesday for Camden and way points with 650 tons, but won't go to New Orleans, as the Red Cloud and Lewis will do. The Durfee's cargo is from the houses of C. P. Burr & Co. and Clark & Stuyvesant, and secured by the new agency firm of Shunk & Jenkins.

THE Valley Company's barge New Orleans was sunk on the east side of the harbor in eight feet of water, this morning, by collision with the same company's barge No. 54, both in tow of harbor tugs, and the accident was entirely unavoidable. The usual "protest" was sworn to and furnished the underwriters. Both barges were partly loaded with package freight, the New Orleans having 1,700 bales hay, 3,000 brls flour and some packages of lard. The undamaged portion of the hay was immediately taken off. The balance of the freight will be recovered, and the barge raised without trouble. No. 54 was but slightly damaged.

S. B. COULSON'S telegram from St. Paul: "Akin bids 10 cents on Missouri River and 20 cents on the Yellowstone. Powers bids 9-10 cents on the Missouri and 25 cents on the Yellowstone—two of the lowest bids by $50,000." An exchange, remarking on this, says: Last year, when it was supposed the rates were ruinously low, and later was cheaper when the bid was put in than it is now, the rates were 10 cents from Yankton, 12 cents from Bismarck, and 25 cents on the Yellowstone, or according to some authorities 15 cents all around. From the figures on the bids as telegraphed it would seem that the Peck and Powers folks have faith in a good stage of water and a kind Providence.

IF you do not want gray hair, use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, which will not stain the skin or soil linen.

ST JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.

Promptly Cures

AMERICANS,
GERMANS,
FRENCHMEN,
SPANIARDS,
SWEDES,
HOLLANDERS,
DANES,
BOHEMIANS,
PORTUGUESE,
ITALIANS,
POLES,
And the people of every nationality
UNDER THE SUN,

Of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Headache, Sprains, and all similar bodily pains and Ailments.

Directions in Eleven Languages with Every Bottle.

Druggists sell this Great German Remedy at 50 CENTS.

STACEY HILL, Esq., of the Mt. Auburn Inclined Railroad, Cincinnati, O., says: "Undoubtedly it is a remarkable medicine."

204 N. Eighth St., Corner Eighth and Pine Sts.

THOMAS J. HENNESSY,
PLUMBER,

All work done on the most approved sanitary principles. Laying house drains a specialty. Charges reasonable.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE.

MISSOURI STATE Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of St. Louis. DIRECTORS—W. A. Hargadine, E. Wyman, James Smith, S. M. Edgell, H. S. Turner, Adolphus Meier, R. W. Alexander, C. S. Greeley, James E. Kaime.
S. M. EDGELL, President.
F. B. HOLMES, Secretary.
Office: Chamber of Commerce, Rooms Nos. 126 and 128. Entrance from Chestnut street. RISKS taken only in the City and County of St. Louis.

LEGAL.

Miscellaneous.

IN THE Circuit Court City of St. Louis, ss.—In the matter of the assignment of M. Stern & Co.—Pursuant to an order this day made by said court, notice is hereby given that William R. Walker, assignee herein, has exhibited and filed in court a statement of the accounts of his trust, with the vouchers thereof, for the period from the beginning to the end of the December term, 1879, of said court, and that such accounts will be allowed by the court on the 16th day of February, 1880, unless good cause to the contrary be shown before that date.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 4th day of February, 1880.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk of said Court.
52C

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Alexander Davis, Thos. Thoroughman and Henry L. Warren, and against William Riley, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of William Riley, the defendant, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of land or parcel of ground in city blocks Nos. 1367, 1368 and 2159 of said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri; and I will, on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 4, 1880. 54C

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF SALE OF PERSONALTY.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Ernst Miller, will, on Friday, the 6th day of February, 1880, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock on that day and continuing on that and the following day if necessary, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the property belonging to said estate, embracing a stock of china, glass and queensware goods, a safe, store shelving, fixtures and things at No. 823 North Sixth street, and also a wagon and harness. The goods will be open for inspection on the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th days of February, at No. 823 North Sixth street, where said sale will take place.

CHARLES FINK,
18B Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all to whom it may concern that I, the undersigned, Assignee of the estate of the St. Louis Sewer and Drain Pipe Company, will, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of March, 1880, apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Court-room No. 5, for a final discharge as assignee therein.

BRECK JONES,
Assignee of the estate of St. Louis Sewer and Drain Pipe Company.
St. Louis, Mo., January 21, 1880. 98A

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the assignment of Ernst Miller. To whom it may concern: Take notice that the undersigned, assignee of Ernst Miller, will, on the 8th day of March, 1880, at the law office of Haman & Lawrence, No. 514 Pine street, room 6, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against said estate, commencing at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and continuing the same until 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, and at and within the same hours of the two consecutive days thereafter.

CHARLES FINK,
Assignee of Ernst Miller.
St. Louis, January 29, 1880. 59B

TO ALL PERSONS CONCERNED.—Take notice that the undersigned, curator of the estates of Mary Boellert and Lisette Boellert, will, at the next March Term of the Probate Court, in St. Louis city, to be holden at the Court-house on the first Monday of March next, apply to said court for leave to resign the office and trust of curator as aforesaid.

CHAS. KUHN,
Curator of the estates of Mary Boellert and Lisette Boellert.
F. and E. L. GOTTSCHALK, Attorneys. 61B
St. Louis, January 29 1880.

Administrators' Notices.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF LEASEHOLD ESTATE.—I will sell as Public Administrator of the city of St. Louis and as such in charge of the estate of Christian Ott, deceased, on MONDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon, the following described leasehold, belonging to said estate, together with the improvements on same: Commencing at a point on the northern line of an alley 50 feet west of the intersection of the said northern line of an alley with the western line of State street ninety feet north of Russell avenue, thence north parallel with State street 100 feet to an alley 10 feet wide, thence east on the southern line of said alley 25 feet to the northwest corner of a lot owned by said Christian Ott, thence south on the west line of said Christian Ott 100 feet to said first named alley and thence west on the northern line of said alley 25 feet to the place of beginning, said lot being situated in block numbered 34 of said Allen's addition to the city of St. Louis.

Conditions of lease.—Said lease expires August 15, 1885; annual rent of $31 30-100, payable semi-annually on 15th day of February and August of each year; also all taxes to be paid by purchaser of lease. Terms of sale cash.

The above lease will be offered for sale jointly with the real estate belonging to said Ott, deceased, which is to be sold the same day.

MARTROM D LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, 2d floor, Ins. Building, N. W. cor. Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, January 27, 1880. 30B

Miscellaneous.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court within and for the city of St. Louis, made on October 21, 1879, and renewed January 27, 1880, in a certain cause then pending in said court, wherein Marcell. D. MacAdaras and James D. MacAdaras are plaintiffs, and Joseph O Neil, executor and trustee of the will of John Doyle, deceased, Michael A. Doyle, Mary A. Straat, John N. Straat, Jane M. Leahy et al. are defendants, being case numbered 40,106, the undersigned was appointed special commissioner in said case, and directed to sell the following described pieces or parcels of ground, viz.:

First—A lot of ground situated in block No. 1,507 of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, fronting twenty-three feet on the west side of Nebraska avenue, and running back westwardly of that width one hundred and thirty feet to an alley, and bounded on the east by Nebraska avenue, on the south by ground of Charles F. Hamann, on the west by an alley and on the north by ground of Hugh and Bridget McCarthy, and being the southern twenty-three feet of lot 16 of Edward Harron's subdivision of the southwest quarter of block 55 of the city common.

Second—A tract of land situated in the county of St. Louis, in said State and being the south half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-one, T. 45, R. 6 east, less ten acres taken off of the northeast corner of said tract and leaving 70 acres in the tract herein described.

Now therefore, under and by virtue of said above-mentioned order of court, I will, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1880, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, offer for sale at public vendue the above-described pieces or parcels of ground, and on these terms, viz.: One-half cash and the remainder in two equal payments in one and two years, the deferred payments to be evidenced by notes bearing interest from date at the rate of six per cent per annum and to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

JAMES E. KAIME,
Special Commissioner.
JNO. N. STRAAT, Attorney for Plaintiffs. 35B

SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER MORTGAGE.—Whereas John D. Neet, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by his certain mortgage, dated on the 23rd day of October, 1875, recorded in the Recorder's office, at the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 532, page 367, to secure the unpaid portion of the purchase money of the real estate hereinafter described, conveyed to James M. O'Donnell, of Staten Island, New York, the following described lots, tracts, or parcels of land, situate in the city of St. Louis, (formerly in the county of St. Louis), Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered seven, eight, nine and ten (7, 8, 9 and 10) of Christy's subdivision of the Gratiot League square of the estate of Andrew Christy (a plan of said subdivision being of record in said Recorder's office); said lots containing 16 994-1,000 acres, and are bounded on the west by McCousland road, on the south by Tyler avenue, on the north by Scanlon avenue, on the east by lots six and eleven of said subdivision; which mortgage contains a power of sale, given to said mortgagee, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, in case of default of payment of said money, evidenced by the bond of said mortgagor of even date with said mortgage. And whereas said mortgagee, James M. O'Donnell, by his deed of assignment, dated on the 29th day of January, 1876, and recorded in the above-mentioned Recorder's office, in book 543, page 28, sold, assigned, and transferred said bond and mortgage to the National Park Bank of New York, and said National Park Bank of New York, by its deed, dated on the 25th day of September, 1879, recorded in the above-mentioned Recorder's office, book 620, page 84, sold, assigned and transferred said bond and mortgage to August Leisse, of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, who now is the legal holder and owner of said bond and mortgage and the assignee of said original mortgagee; and, whereas, the money in said bond covenanted to be paid and secured by said mortgage has long since fallen due and remains unpaid; therefore, under the power of sale in said mortgage contained, I shall proceed on MONDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the property above described, or so much thereof as shall be necessary and sufficient to carry out the intention and provisions of the said mortgage.

AUGUST LEISSE.
Assignee of the Mortgagee.
2B

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR PARTITION.—Notice is hereby given that the Circuit Court within and for the city of St. Louis on the 30th day of January, 1880, in a certain cause pending in said court, wherein Charles A. Faris, St. Clemence Faris, John F. Carton, Helen A. Carton, Eugene H. Benoist, Louis A. Benoist, Theodore Benoist, Leo De Smet Benoist and Howard A. Benoist were ex parte petitioners for partition, rendered judgment that partition among the petitioners be made of a certain tract or parcel of land owned by the petitioners in fee simple, situated in the north half of block No. 42 of DeWard's survey of the city commons, and being now in said city of St. Louis, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a point where the southern line of Rappahannock street intersects the western line of the Little Prairie and running thence southwardly along the western line of said Little Prairie, 145 feet, more or less, to the intersection with the western line of Michigan avenue, thence southwardly along the western line of Michigan avenue 354 feet 6 inches to the southern line of the Durand tract, thence westwardly along the southern line of the Durand tract 127 feet 3 inches to the western line of the Little Prairie, thence southwardly along said last mentioned line 18 feet 3 inches to a stone set for the northeast corner of the land owned by Charless and La Bourgeois, thence westwardly and parallel to Rappahannock street 515 feet 9 inches to a stone corner, thence northwardly along the eastern line of land formerly owned by Wm. N. Switzer and nearly parallel to the western line of the Little Prairie, 551 feet 7 inches to Rappahannock street, thence eastwardly along the southern line of Rappahannock street 519 feet 5 inches to the place of beginning. And the said court, finding that said parcel of land was not susceptible of partition in kind among the petitioners without great prejudice to the owners, then and there ordered and adjudged that the same be sold according to law, and appointed the undersigned a special commissioner for that purpose. Now, therefore, the undersigned, in obedience to said order of sale, and by authority of law, will, as such commissioner, expose said parcel of land and premises to sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on THURSDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

BERNARD KERNAN,
37C Special Commissioner.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, December Term, 1879.
Wednesday, January 14, A. D. 1880.
Estate of Henry R. Gruenkemeier.

Now, at this day, comes Anna M. E. Gruenkemeier, executrix of Henry R. Gruenkemeier, deceased, and presents to the Court her petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed, this 19th day of January, 1880.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
95A

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, December Term, 1879.
Tuesday, January 27, 1880.
Estate of Caroline M. Stoenner.

Now, at this day, comes Henry Treseler, executor of Caroline M. Stoenner, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining legacies due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said legacies; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed, this 27th day of January, 1880.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
J. G. McCLELLAN, Attorney for plaintiff. 58B

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, December Term, 1879.
Friday, December 19th, 1879.
Estate of Patrick Conway.

Now, at this day, comes Cornelius J. Voorhis, Administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, of Patrick Conway, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 20th day of December, 1879.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
27A

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, December Term, 1879.
Wednesday, January 7, 1880.
Peter J. Taafe and Mary Ann Donnelly
vs.
William Zeppenfeld et al.

It appearing from the affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendants, Oscar Simons and Hermann Nieman, are non-residents, or conceal themselves so that the ordinary summons cannot be executed upon them by the Sheriff, wherefore on motion of said plaintiffs, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendants, Oscar Simons and Hermann Nieman, be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree enforcing a deed of trust recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 577, page 43, executed by Robert W. Zeppenfeld to Peter J. Taafe, as trustee for Mary Ann Donnelly, on the following property, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and is known and described as follows: Lot No. 8 in block No. 200 of said city, having a front of 20 feet on the southern side of Carondelet avenue, running with the same width southwardly 120 feet to a 15-foot alley, according to the corrected plat of James G. Soulard's subdivision of blocks Nos. 203 and 204, of the city of St. Louis, duly recorded in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis, Missouri, and declared and fixed as a valid and subsisting lien on said property for the extent of the balance and interest due on the notes secured by said deed of trust, together with reasonable attorney's fees for the prosecution, and that the lease from Robert W. Zeppenfeld to Hermann Nieman, for the sole and separate use of Emma Zeppenfeld, recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 596, page 367, and the deed from Robert W. Zeppenfeld to Oscar Simons, recorded in book 607, page 63, and the deed from Simons to Wilhelm Zeppenfeld, recorded in book 607, page 102, be declared fraudulent, null and void against plaintiff, and that the property be sold to satisfy the sum due plaintiff with interest and costs of suit and said attorney's fees; and that if said property be not sufficient to satisfy said claim plaintiff Donnelly to have a personal decree against defendant William Zeppenfeld; and, unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed, and decree rendered as prayed for.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 8th day of January, 1880.

SEAL CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Daniel Cavenaugh is plaintiff and Michael Kinealy, James J. Monks and the unknown heirs of Mahlor Weber are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Part of lot No. 1, in block No. 1065 of the city of St. Louis, being formerly block No. 44 of Union addition, said lot having a front of 20 feet on North Market street, by a depth of 111 feet, bounded north by alley, east by Tumm, south by North Market street and west by With; and I will on SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with lien of special tax bill, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 28, 1880. 47B

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Matthew Ward and Jennie Ward, his wife, vs. Edward Farrelly and Julia Farrelly, his wife. By virtue and authority of an order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated January the 24th, 1880, I will, on SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri to-wit: A lot of ground situated in city block number 2,948, and marked to be sold upon the plat attached to and made a part of said report, containing a front of 22 feet 4½ inches on the east line of Main street, 70 feet wide, by a depth eastwardly with the same width of 74 feet 6¾ inches to the east line of a tract of land secondly described in the deed of Francis Lebeau to A. R. Bouis, recorded in book 202, page 316, bounded northwardly by a line passing through the center of the partition wall of the second and third house north of Kansas street, and distant 45 feet 1½ inches north of and parallel to the north line of Kansas street 50 feet wide, and southwardly by a line passing through the center of the partition wall of the first and second house north of Kansas street, and distant 22 feet 9 inches north of and parallel to the north line of Kansas street, 50 feet wide.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, January 27, 1880. 46B

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the St Louis Court of Appeals, at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the March Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of John G. Heinrichs, for the use of Ed. L. Gottschalk, assignee, and against Carondelet Gymnastic Society of St. Louis, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the said Carondelet Gymnastic Society in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain two-story brick building known as Turners' Hall, and situated upon a lot of ground on the northeast corner of Fourth and Taylor streets, and being in block No. 73, Eiler's survey, city block No. 3038, and having a front of 100 feet on Fourth street, by a depth of 137 feet 11 inches on Taylor street, and being in South St. Louis, formerly Carondelet, and I will, on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Carondelet Gymnastic Society of St. Louis of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 4, 1880. 53C

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—No. 13,186.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

GEORGE REESE,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of next March, 1880.

ERWIN SPRAUL,
52B Administrator of George Reese, deceased.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

INEZ MURPHY,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

GEO. T. MURPHY,
Administrator of Inez Murphy, deceased.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 55B

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration de bonis non, with the will annexed, on the estate of

AUSTIN DRAKE,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 17th day of January, 1880, and that the letters testamentary on said estate heretofore granted to Henry M. Post, executor, were, on the 12th day of January, 1880, by said court revoked.

LUCIEN EATON,
Administrator d. b. n.,
506 Olive street.
St. Louis, Mo., January 21, 1880. 97A

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

ANDREW WIGHT,

deceased, that I intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

AMOS S. PARTRIDGE.
Administrator of Andrew Wight, deceased.
St. Louis, January 29, 1880. 51B

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

ERNST W. DECKER,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be held at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

LEO RASSIEUR,
Administrator of Ernst W. Decker, deceased.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 54B

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration with will annexed on the estate of

EDWARD SCHULTZ,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of Louis on the 5th day of January, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of January, 1880.

FREDERICK W. BROCKMANN,
Administrator, with will annexed, of Edward Schultz, deceased.
24A

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of the late firm of

H. GRONE & CO.,

that I, the undersigned, surviving partner administering upon said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be held at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

HENRY GRONE, Surv'g Partner,
Administering upon said estate.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 57B

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

ELIHU H. SHEPARD,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CATHERINE E. SHEPARD,
Administratrix of Elihu H. Shepard, deceased.
St. Louis, January 15, 1880. 59A

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JNO F. FASSEN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be held at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

BARBARA FASSEN,
Administratrix of Jno. F. Fassen, deceased.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 56B

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

THOMAS GRACE,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next, 1880.

MARY A. GRACE,
Administratrix of Thomas Grace deceased.
St. Louis, January 14, 1880. 57A

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors all and others interested in the estate of

FRANCIS WITTRAM,

late of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, deceased, that the undersigned executrix, of said estate, intends to make final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri to, be begun and held on the first Monday of March, 1880.

ANNA WITTRAM,
Executrix of Francis Wittram's estate.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 2B

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors and all others interested in the estate of

PHILIP POLLHANS,

late of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, deceased, that the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be begun and held on the first Monday of March, 1880.

MARIA POLLHANS,
Executrix of Philip Pollhans' estate.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 1B

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and all others interested in the estate of

MORITZ SCHMIDT,

deceased, that I, the executor of the will of the said deceased, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

LOUIS WILL,
Executor of the will of Moritz Schmidt, deceased.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 53B

ESTATE OF

DANIEL K. PRESCOTT,

deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

DANIEL K. PRESCOTT,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 19th day of January, 1880. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 22d day of January, 1880.

MARY K. PRESCOTT,
Executrix of the last will and testament of Daniel K. Prescott, deceased. 100A

ESTATE OF

PATRICK GRIFFIN,

deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of

PATRICK GRIFFIN,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the thirteenth day of January, 1880. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1880.

MICHAEL LANIGAN,
Adm'r with the will annexed of the estate of Patrick Griffin, deceased. 55A

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Ann Pender vs. Mary E. Kelly, James P. Kelly, her husband, and Eliza R. Pender and Alice A. Pender.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in the above entitled cause, dated January 12, 1880, I will on TUESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, to-wit, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: 1st. Lot No. 10 in block No. sixteen hundred and seventy-seven of the city of St. Louis, according to plat recorded at page 20 of plat book No. 5 in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis, which said parcel of ground contains 25 feet in width fronting on Biddle street by ninety feet, more or less, in depth, of that width, and is bounded northwardly by an alley ten feet in width, eastwardly by lot number 11, southwardly by Biddle street, and westwardly by a line two hundred and seventy-two feet westwardly from and parallel with the western line of Nineteenth street, according to the line of said street as represented on said plat and established by ordinance No. 4032 of the city of St. Louis. Second. And also of the following real estate situated in said city of St. Louis and in block No. 353 of said city, to-wit: A certain lot of ground fronting forty-eight feet on the east line of Eleventh street, by seventy feet deep to a ten-foot alley, and bounded west by Eleventh street, south by a lot now or formerly owned by Harvey, east by an alley, and north by a lot of Mary L. Tyler, and being a portion of the premises conveyed by Harvey to William H. Cupp, by deed dated June 26, 1858, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis, in book 170, page 82. Third. And also seized and in possession of a certain leasehold interest, commencing on the 23d day of March, 1869, and running for a term of twenty years, in the following real estate, lying in said city of St. Louis, and being a part of lot 151, in block 328, of the city of St. Louis, and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the west line of Broadway street twenty-five feet south of North Market street, and running thence southwardly along said west line of Broadway twenty feet, thence at right angles westwardly one hundred and forty feet to an alley, thence northwardly along said alley forty-five feet to North Market street, thence eastwardly along said street thirty-five feet and six inches, thence at right angles southwardly twenty-five feet, and thence eastwardly one hundred and four feet and six inches to the beginning; and upon the following terms to-wit: One-third cash on the day of sale, the balance in two equal payments of one and two years from said day of sale, the deferred payments to be secured by deeds of trust on the property sold, and notes bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum until paid.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff.
St. Louis, Mo., January 21, 1880. 91A

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

IN THE matter of the Keokuk Packet Company.—In the St. Louis Circuit Court, December term, 1879 (case No. 51,563, room 1).—In pursuance of an order made in the above entitled cause, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1880, public notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said Keokuk Packet Company to present their claims against said company, for allowance and adjustment to the undersigned. George Knapp, trustee of said Keokuk Packet Company, at his office in the Republican Building, on the southeast corner of Third and Chestnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on or before the FIRST DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1880, and that all persons having claims against the said Keokuk Packet Company who shall not so present their said claims to this trustee, at the place aforesaid, on or before the said first day of March, A. D. 1880, shall be forever debarred from sharing in the assets and funds which are now or may hereafter come into the possession of this trustee.

GEORGE KNAPP,
Trustee of the Keokuk Packet Company.
St. Louis, February 4, 1880. 51C

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Wm. Haworth and Sarah D. Haworth, his wife, by their deed dated June 11th, 1872 and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of Audrain, State of Missouri, in book H of Mortgages, at pages 336 and 337, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the said County of Audrain, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-five (25), township fifty-two (52), range eleven; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas, in the payment of one of said notes default has been made; now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, for the purposes of said trust.

OLIVER B. FILLEY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 89A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Constantine Lang and Maria B., his wife, by their deed dated July 17th, 1878, and recorded on page 24 of book 599, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lot of ground situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 11, in block No. 5, in the town of Lowell, a plat of which is of record in Plat Book No. 1, Vol. No. 1, page 13, in said Recorder's office, said lot having a front of 50 feet on the west line of Third street by a depth westwardly of 150 feet to the alley of said block, and is bounded north by lot No. 10, and south by lot No. 12 of said block, and is the same property as acquired by said Lang of E. Carter Hutchinson and wife, by deed dated May 12, 1873, and recorded on page 206 of book 471, in said Recorder's office; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16TH, 1880, for the purposes of said trust.

CHARLES HECKEL, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 22, 1880. 96A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Samuel McCrosky, by his deed dated June 20, 1872, and recorded on page 449 of book No. 428, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county, now city, of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situate in the city (then county) of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being a tract in Prairie Place, laid off and subdivided by William A. Nelson and James H. Eddy, a plat whereof is filed in the office of the Recorder of the City of St. Louis, to-wit.: Lots numbered twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) of block numbered three (3) of said tract, containing in the aggregate one hundred feet front on Wash avenue by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty-two feet and two inches, more or less, and bounded north by lot twenty-two (22), east by lots five (5) and six (6), south by lot twenty-five (25), and west by Wash avenue; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of said notes, now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the said city, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1880.

W. F. BRINCK, as Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 7, 1880. 23A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John Schmitt and wife, by their deed, dated the 3d day of January, 1869, and recorded on page 233 of Book No. 376 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to George K. Budd, now deceased, all that certain parcel of real estate situate in Block No. 884 of the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit: A lot of ground with all the improvements thereon, situated in Block No. 884 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and described thus: Begin in the west line of Carondelet avenue at a point 48 feet 6 inches north of the southeast corner of said block, said corner being also the northwest corner of Arsenal street and Carondelet ave.; thence from said beginning point running northwardly along the west line of Carondelet avenue 58 feet 10 inches; thence westwardly parallel with the north line of Arsenal street 117 feet 6 inches, more or less, to the east line of an alley; thence along the east line of said alley southwardly 58 feet 10 inches to north line of lot now or late of J. Y. Hart; thence eastwardly and parallel with north line of Arsenal street and along the north line of lot of Hart 117 feet 6 inches to the point of beginning, bounded north by lot now or formerly of Wilcox, east by Carondelet avenue, south by lot now or late of Hart and west by alley, and being composed of portion of the lots of ground acquired by said John Schmitt by virtue of deeds of record in the St. Louis City Recorder's office, in Book 282, page 514, Book 329, page 277, and Book 323, page 383. And, whereas, said George K. Budd departed this life without having executed the trust powers conveyed by said deed; and, whereas, the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis did, by its decree of the 28th day of January, 1880, appoint the undersigned, Josiah G McClellan, trustee, in place of said George K. Budd, deceased, and authorizing him, said McClellan, to execute the trusts in said deed mentioned, which said deed was in trust to secure the payments of certain notes specified in said deed; now, under the provisions of said deed and under said order of said Court, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, for the purposes of said trust.

JOSIAH G. McCLELLAN,
45B Trustee by appointment, as aforesaid.

WHEREAS, Joseph Back and wife, by their deed of trust dated the 28th day of June, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book No. 578, page 1, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as lot number fourteen (14), in block number two (2), of Adolphus Meier's first subdivision to said city of St. Louis, being within the boundaries of survey number three hundred and sixty-three (363), said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the north line of Cozzens street by a depth of one hundred and twenty two and one-third (122⅓) feet, to the property of the Pacific Railroad Company. Also the following described lot or piece of ground situate in "West End," an addition to the city of St. Louis made by Archibald Gamble, said lot beginning at a point in the south line of Clark avenue two hundred and fifty-seven feet east of the northwest corner of block number one of said addition, thence eastwardly with the south line of Clark avenue eighteen feet, thence southwardly at right angles with Clark avenue one hundred and forty-two feet six inches to a fifteen-feet alley, thence westwardly with said alley eighteen feet, thence northwardly at right angles with Clark avenue one hundred and fifty-two feet six inches to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of the notes therein mentioned; and, whereas, the debt thereby secured has become due and payable, and default has been made in payment of the same; now, therefore at the request of the legal holder of the said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will, on TUESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

EBER PEACOCK,
5B Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John F. Humphreys, Trustee of Margaret J. Wash, Margaret J. Wash and Martin W. Wash, her husband, by their deed dated March 23 1878, and recorded in Recorder's office of St. Louis county, State of Missouri, in book 5, page 416, conveyed to the undersigned and John B. Maude, since deceased, the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in said county of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: A certain parcel of ground in Central Township, St. Louis County and State of Missouri, situated in Township 46 north, range 6 east of the 5th principal meridian and in United States survey No. 2775, particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 34, a point in the center of Hanley road, from which a post-oak 15 inches in diameter bears south 25 degrees, west one chain and 38 links distant, running thence along the east line of the northwest quarter of said section 34, being the center line of Hanley Road, 37 chains and 29 links to a point, thence partly along the southern line of United States survey No. 2570 and partly along the prolongation of said southern line south 60 degrees, east 49 chains and 61 links to a point from which a hickory, 8 inches in diameter, bears south 8 degrees east distant 15 links, and a hickory 12 inches in diameter bears north 78 degrees west distant 31 links, thence south 30 degrees, west 22 chains and 10 links, to a point from which an elm 12 inches in diameter bears north 54 degrees east distant 62 links, and an elm 5 inches in diameter bears north 78½ deg west distant 11½ links, thence west 13 chains and 76 links, to a point from which a hickory 20 inches in diameter bears north 63 degrees east distant 29 links and a post-oak 18 inches in diameter bears south 37 degrees east distant 44 links, thence north 6 chains and 70 links to a point, a white oak 5 inches in diameter, thence west 18 chains and 25 links, to the place of beginning, and containing

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN ACRES.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the third semi-annual interest note and of the taxes for the years 1878 and 1879, provided in said deed to be paid; now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said notes and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1880, for the purpose of said trust. The incumbrances, all told, are about $7,000. The land is at N. E. corner of Hanley Road and Page avenue, opposite the premises of John E. Cook.

HERMAN A. HAEUSSLER,
29C Surviving Trustee.

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—To all whom it may concern—Notice is hereby given that I will make my final settlement of the estate of

HENRY BUDDE,

deceased, on the first Monday in March, 1880, the same being the beginning of the March Term of the St. Louis Probate Court. All claims against said estate which are not allowed before that date will be forever barred.

WILLIMENA BUDDE,
Administratrix of Henry Budde, deceased.
St. Louis, January 29, 1880. 49B

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of the notes specified in and secured by a deed of trust dated the 21st day of June, 1872, executed to me by Mary E. Coons, and recorded at page 273 of book No. 456, of the records of deeds for the then county of St. Louis, (now city of St. Louis records.) and in pursuance of the power of sale in said deed of trust contained, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate in said deed of trust described, being the undivided one-half interest in the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and in block No. 66 of the commons of St. Louis, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the east line of Jefferson avenue, 608 feet 10½ inches south of the northwest corner of said block, thence south along the east line of Jefferson avenue 363 feet 3 inches to the northwest corner of a lot now or formerly belonging to Tschirpe, thence east with said Tschirpe's north line 163 feet 8¼ inches to a point in Carondelet avenue, thence northeast with the center of said avenue, or road, to a point 608 feet 10½ inches south of the north line of said block, and thence in a straight line to the place of beginning, and containing two and ninety-nine one-hundredths acres, more or less, to satisfy said deed of trust and expenses of these proceedings.

JAMES C. WAY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 94A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas William Cale, by his deed of trust, dated May 29, 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 30th day of May, 1874, in book 492, page 556, did convey to Bernard Bryan, trustee, the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Five (5) lots of ground all situated in a subdivision in the Grand Prairie common fields of St. Louis, styled Grand addition plat A, of which a plat is on record in the St. Louis city (formerly county) Recorder's office, the lots in said addition, hereby conveyed being known and designated on said plat as lots numbers forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) in block number one (1), and together containing a front of one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet on the north line of Cook avenue and a depth each north of 162 6-12 feet to an alley 20 feet wide; all as per said recorded plat; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note specified in said deed. And whereas, at the December term, 1879, of the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis on the 22nd of December, 1879 it was found that the said Bernard Bryan was absent from the city of St. Louis and by reason of such absence he was unable to execute the powers of sale contained in said deed, thereupon the Court appointed the undersigned trustee to execute said deed of trust in place and stead of said Bernard Bryan; and whereas, default has been made in payment of said note, which has become due and remains unpaid, now, at request of legal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned trustee will offer said property for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1880, for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff and Trustee.
Fisher & Co., Agents.
January 15, 1880. 58A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael J. Deegan and Mary A. Deegan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the twenty-first day of September, 1878, and recorded in book 599, on page 473, in the Recorder's office, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, namely: A certain lot, piece or parcel of ground situated in block number twenty-nine (29) of Union Addition, and block number ten hundred and eighty-three (1,083) of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street, distant eastwardly fifty-four (54) feet from the east line of Twentieth street, thence eastwardly along said south line of Warren street sixty (60) feet; thence southwardly and parallel to Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet (111), more or less, to an alley twenty (20) feet wide; thence west along the north line of said alley sixty (60) feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet, more or less, to the south line of Warren street, the point of beginning. And whereas, said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note and interest thereon in said deed described, and default has been made in the payment when due of interest accrued on said note, by reason whereof said note as to principal has also become due and payable, and payment has not been made thereof. Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, public notice is hereby given that I will on FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, for cash, and to the highest bidder, sell said real estate to satisfy said note and the costs of the said trust.

GEORGE W. LUBKE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 13, 1880. 49A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Alexander Powell, trustee for William A. Powell (a minor), by his deed of trust, dated May 18, 1874, recorded in Book 490, page 506, of the records of St. Louis city and county, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following real estate situated in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: One acre of ground in the N. E. corner of lot No. 4 of the subdivision of Dr. George W. Bierne's estate, in the N. W. ¼ of section 5, township 45 north, range 6 east, said acre of land being bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said lot No. 4, running thence westwardly along the south line of Olive street road 130 feet to a point, thence southwardly parallel with the east line of said lot 335 feet 1 inch (more or less), so as to make one acre, thence eastwardly 130 feet, thence northwardly along the east line of said lot 4 335 feet 1 inch (more or less) to the point of beginning, and being part of same lot acquired by Charlotte W. Klotsch by deed recorded in Book 472, p. 331, of the then St. Louis county records, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed described; and, whereas, said note has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on SATURDAY, THE 21TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell the above real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

FREDERICK KLOTSCH, Trustee.
THOS. A. RUSSELL, attorney for cestui que trust.
St. Louis, January 28, 1880. 48B

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Karl Staemme and Theresa, his wife, by their deed, dated on the 3d day of October, 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, in book 438, page 76, conveyed to John A. Collet the following real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis Mo., namely: Lot numbered eleven (11) of D. J. Talbot's heirs' subdivision of U. S. survey 2030, in Township 46 north of range 6 east, a plat of which is to be found in plat book 7, page 43, and bounded as follows: Beginning in the center of Bonhomme plank road, where the south line of the U. S. survey No 2030 crosses the same; thence with the center of said road north 61¼° east 5 chains to a corner in the road; thence north 10° west 13 chains to corner with lot No. 10, from which a sugar maple 36 inches in diameter bears north 62° east 31 links; thence north 57½° west 4 13 chains to corner from which a white walnut 12 in. in diameter, bears S. 77° E. 13½ links; thence N. 2½° W. 4.32 chs. to corner in ravine; thence N. 30¾° W. 3 11 chs to buckeye, 10 in. in diameter, corner at foot of bluff; thence along and near foot of bluff S. 57° W. 26.5 chs. to buckeye tree, corner of Talbot avenue; thence up a ravine with the meanders thereof and with Eastern line of lot No. 5, S. 28° E. 5.40 chs. S. 47° E. 3 20 chs. S. 89° E. 2.32 chs. S. 44° E. 1.31 chs. to corner to lots 5 and 11 on south line of said survey; thence with said south boundary line S. 82½° E. 18.05 chs. to the place of beginning; containing 43 76-100 acres, and being the same property conveyed by Thos. Talbot, executor, by deed of January 14, 1869, recorded in book 376, page 247; which conveyance was made in trust, to secure the payment of several promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas said John A. Collet, trustee, has become a non-resident of the State, and upon refusal of the Sheriffs of the city of St. Louis and the county of St. Louis, the Circuit Court of the county of St. Louis, by its order made on January 17, 1880, appointed the undersigned trustee to act in the place of said original trustee, and said notes having become due and remaining unpaid; therefore, at the request of the holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, I shall, on SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the real estate hereinbefore described, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the purposes of said deed

FRED'K. GOTTSCHALK,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 20, 1880 90A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of certain notes described in a deed of trust dated the 13th day of July, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in book 609, on page 120, which deed of trust conveyed to the undersigned trustee a lot of ground commencing at the northeast corner of Walnut street and Seventh street in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, containing seventy-four feet front on Walnut street by a depth of the same width one hundred and thirty-two feet, said lot being in block 132 and bounded south by Walnut street, north by an alley, east by Brooks and west by Seventh street. Also a lot of ground in said city of St. Louis commencing at a point distant from the south side of Market street two hundred and ninety feet and from the west side of Seventh street three hundred and twenty feet, which gives the southeast corner of the lot, thence running west on the north side of Walnut street eighty feet, thence north one hundred and thirty-six feet to an alley, thence east on the south side of said alley eighty feet, thence south one hundred and thirty-six feet to the place of beginning, being in block 189; also a lot of ground beginning one hundred and five feet west of Eighth street on Walnut street in said city of St. Louis at a point two hundred and ninety feet distant from Market street, thence westwardly forty-five feet on Walnut street, thence northwardly one hundred and thirty-six feet to an alley, thence east on said alley forty-five feet, thence south parallel with Eighth street one hundred and thirty-six feet to the place of beginning, said lot being in block 189; also a lot of ground in said city of St. Louis, commencing at a point on the north side of Walnut street distant one hundred and fifty-nine feet from the west side of Seventh street, thence north and parallel with said street one hundred and thirty-six feet to an alley, thence west forty-four feet, thence south one hundred and thirty-six feet, thence east forty-four feet to the point of beginning, being in block 185; also a lot in same block 185 in said city of St. Louis, commencing at a point two hundred and seventy feet from the west side of Seventh street and one hundred and fifty-four feet from the south side of Market street, thence east sixty-seven feet, thence south twenty feet, thence west sixty-seven feet, thence north twenty feet to the place of beginning, and was made by Louis A. McGinnis: I, the undersigned trustee, in pursuance of the power conferred on me by said deed, will on SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court-house door, on the east front of the Court-house, on Fourth street, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public sale to the highest bidder an undivided one-twentieth part, for cash, of the lots and tracts above described, for cash, of which one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the bid is accepted, to satisfy said notes and debt, and the expenses of the trust.

JOHN ASKER,
50B Trustee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Anna H. and Louisa D. Shultz, by deed dated December 27, 1877, and recorded in Recorder's Office of St. Louis county in book 3, page 291, conveyed to the undersigned trustee a tract of land in United States survey No 378, containing forty-nine acres, more or less, and being same lot assigned to said Louisa D. in the partition of the estate of Larkin Deaver, and which lot is bounded north by Bonhomme road, south by Kingsbury boulevard, west by lot assigned in said partition to Jas. A. Deaver, and east by lot assigned in said partition to Maria Deaver; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of [illegible] therein described, and default [illegible] which is due and unpaid. Now the undersigned will on 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1880, at the eastern front of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., for cash, sell said premises to the highest bidder in accordance with the terms of said deed.

69B HERMAN A. HAEUSSLER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John L. Cronin and Margaret Cronin, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated September 18, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 482, page 123 conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, to-wit: The south half of lot number five (5), in block number nine (9), of L. Bissell's second addition to the city of St. Louis, being in city block number twelve hundred and thirty-six, said half lot hereby conveyed having a front and a depth of one hundred and forty (140) feet to a twenty foot alley, and is bounded on the north by lands now or formerly of G. R. Bissell; east by said alley; south by land now or formerly of Ford, and west by Broadway, the south line of said lot hereby conveyed being about fifty feet north of Ferry street; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes mentioned in said deed; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of the notes described in said deed: now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the provisions thereof, will, on WEDNESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, to satisfy said debt and the expenses of executing this trust.

42C JAMES M. CHAMBERS, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Richard H. [illegible], by his deed of trust dated 20th of September, 1870, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (then county) of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 408, page 528, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city (then county) of St. Louis, Missouri, viz.: Two lots, or parcels of ground, lying and being in the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots No. 57 and 58 of block No. 2 of Vandeventer's sub-division of blocks Nos. 1 and 2 of McCune and Vandeventer's addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis; said lots having an aggregate front of fifty feet on the south line of Belle street, by a depth, each, of one hundred and one feet, more or less, to an alley twelve feet wide; which said deed of trust was made to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and whereas, default has been made in the principal note therein mentioned: Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said principal note, and in pursuance of the provisions of this deed of trust, will, on FRIDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front of the Court-house in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said debt and the costs of executing this trust.

THOS. A. RUSSELL,
Trustee.
C. P. ELLERBE, Att'y for cestui que trust. 49C

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Louis Hoelscher and Emma Hoelscher, his wife, both of the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, by their deed of trust dated September 13, 1877, and recorded in book No. 2, at page 442, of the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, State of Missouri, did convey to Will S. Stewart, of said city, the following described real estate situated in the county of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: In the east fractional half of the northeast quarter of section 22, township 46, range 6 east of the fifth principal meridian, containing nineteen and twenty-one hundredths (19 21-100) acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by Duncan tract, south by Natural Bridge Road, east by Duncan and Warn, being same premises acquired by first parties of Rufus Rickett, by deed recorded in book 507, page 128, in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county: which said conveyance to said Will S. Stewart was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described. And, whereas, the said Will S. Stewart has become, and now is, a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and city of St. Louis, and now is and has for the period of one year last past been absent from said city and State. And, whereas, the Sheriff of the said city of St. Louis, and also the Sheriff of the said county of St. Louis, have refused to accept and to execute the trust herein created.

And, whereas, the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, State of Missouri, did by its order of date January 19th, 1880, appoint the undersigned, Charles F. Joy, as trustee to execute the provisions of said deed of trust in place of said Will S. Stewart, and of said sheriff, or either of them; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of several of the said notes in said deed described, and the holder of said notes has requested the undersigned to execute said trust in compliance with the provisions of said trust: Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I will, on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the said real estate, together with the buildings and improvements thereon at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

CHARLES F. JOY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, February 4, 1880. 50C

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, George Waechter (or Wachter) and Louisa (or Louisa), his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 30th day of August, A. D. 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 486, page 29, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: At the junction of the Manchester and Clayton roads and being a part of United States survey No. sixteen hundred and fifty-seven (1,657), beginning at a point in the western line of the Chouteau Mill Tract, distant forty-six (46) feet north, fifteen (15) degrees east from the southeast corner of this survey to a stone, thence north seventy-four (74) degrees forty-five (45) minutes west, one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet to the southwest corner of this lot, to the eastern edge of the Manchester road, thence with the eastern edge of said road north forty-two (42) degrees forty-five (45) minutes, east fifty (50) feet to the northwest corner, thence south seventy-four (74) degrees, forty-five (45) minutes, east one hundred and four (104) feet to the northeast corner in the western line of said Chouteau Mill Tract, thence with the western line of said Mill Tract south fifteen (15) degrees west forty-six feet to the beginning; being the same property acquired by said George Waechter (or Wachter) of John Christophel and wife by deed recorded in book 470, page 290, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas said George Waechter (or Wachter) [illegible] and has been dead for more than nine months past, and whereas, [illegible] and remain unpaid: now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on MONDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1880, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said debt and costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOSEPH F. [illegible]

St. Louis, Mo., February 4, 1880.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, William [illegible] (over[illegible]) Elise, Wenger, his wife, by [illegible] dated the [illegible] in the office of the Recorder of Deeds [illegible] county [illegible] page 440, [illegible] following described [illegible] being in the [illegible] souri, to-wit: [illegible] thence west [illegible] alley, thence [illegible] THURSDAY, [illegible] between the hours of [illegible] and five o'clock [illegible] for cash, [illegible] front door [illegible] Missouri, [illegible] the expenses [illegible]

46C St. Louis, [illegible]

CHURCH BELLS.

The Suit to Enjoin the Pilgrim Trustees From Ringing Them.

Other Cases of Interest Heard To-Day—Legal Notes.

The case of James M. Leete and G. F. Halse against the trustees of the Pilgrim Congregational Church came up before Judge Lindley this morning, and was set for trial next Tuesday.

The case is quite an important one as it involves the right of a church organization to ring the bells attached to its edifice. The petition of the plaintiffs stated that the petitioners reside at Nos. 2900 and 2912 Washington avenue, within a short distance of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, which is situated on the corner of Ewing and Washington avenues. The plaintiffs built their homes and moved their residence to that locality in the year 1876 for the avowed purpose of enjoying immunity from the dust and injurious and vexatious noises of the central portions of the city. At the time of locating their residences, the Pilgrim church was situated at the place which it now occupies, but was devoid of the system of bells which at a later date was placed in the tower. The church edifice was originally erected in 1872. In 1876, ten large bells aggregating 1100 pounds were placed in the tower, since which time life has been made miserable for those who reside in the immediate vicinity. These bells were sounded by machinery and struck the hours, half and quarter hours. It was estimated that the strokes of these metallic sounding instruments amounted to 52 in one hour, and over 1116 in a single day. This computation was not carried on for a year or even for a century.

The petition sets forth that the nuisance was so great that it finally was abated somehow by omitting the quarter-hour strokes during a portion of the day, and also during the session of prayer-meeting on Wednesday evenings. In addition, however, to the ringing of the bells to denote the hours and other divisions of time, the bells were employed to call the congregation to church and to prayer-meetings. This incessant ringing has caused the plaintiffs great annoyance and has injured the value of the property occupied by them. The petition states that the bells are loud, harsh, sharp, changing and discordant. They destroy all idea of music and render conversation impossible. They prevent sleeping by night or enjoyment of life by day. They destroy social and domestic intercourse, and the trouble is greatly increased during warm weather or sickness. The plaintiffs hold that the bells are not necessary, as people are generally provided with time pieces and do not require the sounding of the bells to notify them that time is flying by. Nor do they consider it necessary to ring the bells for church or prayer meetings, as those who attend such services would do so without the intervention of those bells. The plaintiffs accordingly ask for an injunction to restrain the church trustees from ringing the bells and request that they be silenced forever.

The Habeas Corpus Case.

Andrew Fine, who took out a writ of habeas corpus to secure the custody of his three children, has changed his mind. The little Fines were taken care of by their mother, Mrs. Fine, and their grandfather, Thos. Forrester. Andrew claimed that his children were kept from him by force and consequently sought the law to overcome the difficulty. The case came up yesterday afternoon and was continued until this morning. For reasons best known to himself Andrew Fine concluded to dismiss the case, and such was the disposition made of it. The mother still retains possession of her children, and Andrew Fine is content to do without them.

Assignee's Account.

J. R. Lionberger, assignee of the Broadway Savings Bank, filed his third report before Judge Boyle this morning. The receipts aggregate $37,791 81, and include $24,187 03 as balance on hand at last report; $7,578 36 as bills discounted; $4,576 81 as cash items. The disbursements are as follows: Rent, $61; expense, $692 16; office account, $5,078 01; dividend, $7,010 62; taxes, $1,300 93; paid to Johnson & McPike, $5,190 27, leaving a balance on hand at the present time of $18,420 42.

The Krieger Case.

The deposition of J. Philip Krieger, Jr., of Broadway Bank notoriety, was to have been taken at 2 o-clock to-day at the office of R. J. MacDonald in the suit of Wolfert & Reilly. Krieger, however, did not put in an appearance, and an adjournment was taken to next Thursday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Legal Notes.

The law docket will be called in Circuit Court No. 1 to-morrow.

The case of Carr versus Parker, involving the title to a tug-boat, still continues in Circuit Court No. 3.

J. V. Williamson received a judgment in Circuit Court No. 4 this morning against R. S. Carr for $13,003.30.

The will of Lorenz P. Fries was admitted to probate this morning. Mrs. Barbara Fries is appointed executrix.

The Board of Public Schools this morning obtained a judgment in Circuit Court No. 1 against Allen Sinclair and others for $2,026 26.

In the case of Gill versus Murphy and others, default and final judgment was entered this morning for the plaintiff for $10,417.

Final judgment for $7,893 54 was given Alfred Budford, this morning, in Circuit Court No. 5, against M. J. Murphy and others.

Heaussler, assignee, versus M. Goldsoll was submitted to Judge Wickham this morning; a judgment was entered for the plaintiff for $23,153 05.

Circuit Court No. 4 is still occupied in hearing the testimony of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet case. Its end will not occur for some time.

Default and judgment for plaintiff for $1,876 was given this morning in Circuit Court No. 3 in the case of G. V. Stock against Peter Ginsmuller.

New suits were commenced this afternoon by the St. Louis Type Foundry against C. R. Barnes; W. S. Roberts versus C. E. Musick, and J. E. Clark against A. B. Howard.

In the case of C. J. Hoffman against George Bain and others, default was taken this morning in Circuit Court No. 1; judgment was given for the plaintiff for $2,381.

In the case of C. W. Caines versus G. Coleman, judgment was given by Judge Boyle, this morning, against Coleman for the possession of the property. One cent damages was assessed.

Letters testamentary were issued this morning to Thos. Ferrenbach, as administrator of the estate of Henry Bohn, and to Christian Drewes as administrator of the estate of August Schacht, Jr. The first named estate is valued at $2,000 and the second at $500.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Home Circle (colored) will give their "first grand hop" at Union Hall, 1015 Lucas avenue, February 9.

The Theatre Comique has been doing well this week, and the good business promises to continue. The Christie pantomime and the various specialties make up a very entertaining bill.

JUSTICE FARRELL issued a warrant to-day for the arrest of Joseph English, on the complaint of Edward Stack. The plaintiff charges English with throwing water upon him on the 16th of January.

"PEBBLES on the Shore of Suffrage" is the subject of a lecture to be delivered before the Woman's Suffrage Association, by Wm. Bush, at the Mercantile Library Hall, directors' room, this evening at 8 p. m.

AT a meeting held by the T. J. B. Association Wednesday evening, February 4, at the Harmonie Hall parlors, the following members were elected as officers for the next ensuing six months: L. Goldman, president; N. B. Kaufman, vice-president; Benj. Barnett, treasurer; Joseph Bain, corresponding secretary; Wm. Leroy, recording secretary; L. Godlove, A. I. Jalkup and E. A. Singer, board of directors.

A UNIQUE entertainment will be given this evening at Uhrig's Hall, Washington avenue, entitled "A Night with Sir Walter Scott." It is to consist of readings, descriptive and dramatic, and songs, the music of which was composed and arranged for this entertainment from the celebrated poem of "The Lady of the Lake." The reading and singing will be given by Prof. David Small, Miss Carrie McLean and Prof. Charles Crucknell, while Prof. William Navo will preside at the piano. The admission is fixed at 50 cents.

Above White Trash.

Col. George L. Morrison, ex-Boiler Inspector, yesterday visited several negro saloons, with a view of mixing in with the people who visit them. They strongly objected to associate with the Colonel, on account of his color, saying they were "above poor white trash." Col. George persisted in remaining with the negroes, and would have done so had not a policeman arrested him. The ex-Boiler Inspector was fined $5.

DR. E. C. CHASE,
922 Olive St., set of best teeth only $8.

MONEY.

Robt. E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 104 North Fourth street, reports: Prime bankers' sterling, 482½@484½; commercial, 60 days sterling, 480¾@481; do, demand, 483@483½; do, 60 days francs, 525⅝@524⅜; do, demand, 523¾@522½; do, 60-days reichs marks, 94@94¼; do, demand, 94¾; 60-days gilders and florins, 39¾. Market quiet and unchanged.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, February 5, 12 m.—Money 5@6 per cent. Sterling steady, 83@85c. Bar silver $1 13¾. Governments quiet and steady. Railroad bonds inactive. State securities dull and nominal. Stocks irregular on fluctuations of ¼@1 per cent, except in cases of Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans, and New Central coal—former declined from 39½ to 35, and latter from 28 to 25.

Rock Island	149⅝	B., C. R. & N.	59
Panama	181	A. & T. H.	24⅛
Fort Wayne	115	prfd	63⅜
Pittsburg	112	W., St. L. & Pacific	45⅛
Nashville & Chat	—	prfd	69⅜
Illinois Central	103⅜	Hannibal & St. Joseph	39⅜
C., B. & Q.	145	St. Joseph, pfd	70⅜
Chicago & Alton	107⅛	Iron Mountain	54⅞
Chicago & Alton pfd	123	St. L. & San Fran	44⅛
N. Y. Central	131	prfd	55
Harlem	160	first prfd	75
Lake Shore	104	Erie & Western	31⅛
Canada Southern	66⅜	Central Pacific	80
Michigan Central	90⅜	C., St. L. & N. O.	35
Erie	47⅜	Kansas & Texas	46⅜
Erie, preferred	71⅞	Union Pacific	92⅜
Northwestern	89⅞	Kansas Pacific	92⅜
Northwestern, pfd	104⅛	Northern Pacific	33⅜
St. Paul	78⅜	Northern Pacific, pfd	57
St. Paul, pfd	102⅛	Louisville & Nashville	120
St. Paul & Minnesota	49⅜	Houston & Texas	75
St. Paul & Sioux City	38⅛	Western Union	103⅜
St. P. & S. C. prfd	77⅜	A. & P. Telegraph	42
Del. & Lack	85⅝	Pacific Mail	40
Morris & Essex	103	Little Pittsburg	27
Del. & Hudson	74⅜	Reading	—
N. J. Central	81⅜	Adams	108
Ohios	30⅝	Fargo	102⅜
Ohios, preferred	66⅛	American	56⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	22⅛	United States	46
Mobile & Ohio	23⅛	Canton	—
Cleveland & Col	77⅛	Quicksilver	21⅛
C., C. & I. C.	23⅜	pref	65

Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette has been stricken from the list.

Quotations of Stocks at New York.

Reported daily by Fred. Von Phul, manager of Public Stock and Grain Exchange, rooms 135, 137, 139 and 141, Chamber of Commerce Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Names of Stock and Produce.	Open'g to-day.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
Northwestern	90	90	89⅝	89⅞
St. Paul	78⅜	78⅜	77⅞	78⅜
Lake Shore	104¼	104½	103⅞	104⅛
M. C.	91	91⅛	90½	91⅛
Han. & St. Joe	......			......
Western Union	103⅞	104¾	103⅞	104½
Erie	47⅝	48⅛	47⅝	48⅛
Wab. & Pac.	45⅝	46	45⅛	45⅞
P. M.	39⅛	41	39⅛	40⅝
N. J. C.	81½	81⅞	81⅜	81⅞
Del., L. & W.	85⅜	86⅛	85⅜	85⅞
O. & M.	30⅜	31½	30⅝	31⅛

Closing quotations of Government bonds at New York to-day are as follows

Coupons of '81	105⅛
New 5's	103
New 4½'s, registered	106⅞
New 4½'s, coupons	108⅛
New 4's, registered	105⅛
New 4's, coupons	105⅛
Currency 6's	122

The following quotations are furnished the POST-DISPATCH by L. A. Coquard, stock and bond broker, Third and Pine streets.

RAILROAD BONDS.

N. Mo. 1st m		7 ℘c cur.	Jan. & July.	114¼	115
Mo. Pa. 1st m		6 ℘c cur.	Feb. & Aug.	104⅞	105⅜
I. M. 1st m.	'95	7 ℘c gold,	Feb. & Aug.	114	115⅜
K. Pac. 1st m	'88	6 ℘c gold.	Feb. & Aug.	117	118

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6s, gold	106⅛@107⅛
City 6s, gold sterling bonds	106⅜@107⅛
City 6s, currency	106⅛@107⅜
City 6s water bonds	106 @107
County 6s, gold	105⅜@106⅜
County 7s, currency	106 @107

Interest to seller.

CLEARINGS AT ST. LOUIS.

	Week end'g Feb. 4.	Week end'g Feb. 11.
Thursday	$3,413,904	....
Friday	3,765,844	....
Saturday	3,856,1 5	....
Monday	4,444,969	....
Tuesday	6,845,932	....
Wednesday	4,963,944	....
Total	27,290,765	$4,886,260

COMMERCE.

Grain in Store in St. Louis.

In the various Elevators named, at 7 a. m., to-day.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Louis	286,636	674,380	30,474	45,960	24,090
Central	126,264	341,616	10,890	6,172	24,668
E. St. L.	291,258	125,123	28,934	913	......
Advance	62,470	92,680	5,037	......	......
Venice	119,042	170,901	4,192	19,299	......
Total	885,670	1,404,700	79,557	72,344	48,758

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat at Principal Points.

	Shipments.		Receipts.	
	To-day	Ye'day	To-day	Ye'day
St. Louis	19,429	20,527	866	1,234
Chicago	11,956	28,913	14,042	17,451
Milwaukee	18,700	24,300	3,2 0	2,100
Toledo	6,000	6,000	1,000	3,000
New York	7,000	25,000	82,000	78,694
Baltimore	7,700	9,100	29,000	......

Imports into United Kingdom.

The following table exhibits the imports of flour, wheat and corn into the United Kingdom for the weeks ending on the dates mentioned:

	Jan. 31, 1880.	Jan. 24, 1879.	Feb. 1, 1879,
Flour, sks.	95,000	135,000	60,000
Wheat, qrs.	250,000	170,000	160,000
Corn, qrs.	110,000	90,000	65,000

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	Yesterday.	To-day.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	121⅛	122A
" " Feb	122	122A
" " March	125⅜	1 5⅜
" " April	128⅛	128 nom
" " May	130	129⅜ bid
No. 3 red wheat, cash	119	120
No. 2 spring	112⅛ bid	115⅛
No. 2 mixed corn, c'h	33⅞	34
" " Feb	33⅞	34
" " Mar	35⅛	35⅛ bid
" " April	36⅛	36⅜
" " May	37⅞	37⅞
Rejected corn, cash	30⅛	30⅜
No. 2 wh. mxd c. cash	37⅜	37⅜
No. 2 oats, cash	35	35
" " Feb	34⅛ bid	34⅜
" " Mar	35⅛ bid	35⅛
" " May	37⅜ bid	37⅛
Rejected oats, cash	33⅞	33⅛
No. 2 rye, cash	73 bid	74 bid
" " Feb		
Rejected rye, cash	——	66⅛
Mess pork, cash	$12 50@60	$12 25 asked
" " Feb	$12 37½ bid	$12 27½
" " March	$12 47½ bid	$12 35 bid
" " April	$12 60 bid	$12 52½
Lard, prime steam	7⅛	7 bid
" " Feb	——	7 bid
" " Mar	——	7.05 bid
D. S. shlds, cash	4@⅛	3.95@4.05
" " Feb		3.90 bid
" " Mar	4.05 bid	4.05 bid
D. S. cl'r ribs, cash	6.40@.55	6.40@.45
" " Feb		6.40 bid
" " Mar	6½ bid	6.45 bid
" clear	6.55@.70	6.55@.60
Bacon shoulders, cash	5	5
" clear rib, cash	7⅜	7.30@.35
" clear, cash	7⅜	7.40@.45
S. C. Hams	9@10	9@10
Tallow, prime country	6	6

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

MORNING BOARD—FUTURES.

Wheat—Dull and unsettled, with a light demand for both cash and futures; operators being seemingly indifferent, closed weak. Cash No. 2 red sold at $1 22⅜, March at $1 26@1 25⅜, closing at $1 25⅜; April at $1 28⅜, closing nominally at $1 28.

Corn—Little change in value, but more doing; closed weak. Cash No. 2 mixed sold at 33⅞@34c; February at 34c; March at 35@35⅛, closing at 35⅛c; April at 36⅛@36⅜c; May at 37 15-16@37⅜c; June at 38c.

Oats—Dull and weak; cash No. 2 selling steadily at 35c; but futures off, with sales of February 34⅜c and May at 37⅛c.

AFTERNOON BOARD, 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

Wheat—Dull and lower to sell. Bids of $1 21⅜ for February, $1 25 for March, $1 27 for April, $1 29⅜ for May, $1 20 for June.

Corn—Steady. March sold at 35⅛c and May at 37 13 16c. 37⅝c bid later. Bids of 33⅝c for February, [illegible] for April, 38c for June.

Oats—No trading and bids about the same.

Rye—Lower; 15,000 bushels No. [illegible] selling at 70c.

MORNING BOARD—CASH.

Flour—Grades lower and tending downward. Trading liberal at the call: 700 brls fancy at $6 12½ for March, 100 brls choice at $6 for April, 200 do at $6 05 for May, 500 brls xxx at $5 55 for cash, 100 at $5 62½ for May. Samples quiet and unchanged. Holders firm, with stock light of family to extra. We quote sample lots as follows: Fine, $4 30@4 50; superfine, $4 60@4 80; x, $4 90@5 10; xx, $5 30@5 50; xxx, $5 70@5 80; family, $5 80@5 85; choice, $5 90@5 95; fancy, $6 00@6 40.

Wheat—Firm and higher, with light offerings and small business. Grade sales: 1 car No. 2 red in E. St. L. El. at $1 32⅛; 1 car regular at $1 22; ⅛ car No. 3 red at $1 19⅛; 4 cars at $1 20; 1 car at $1 20⅛; 2 cars No. 2 Winter at $1 15⅛, 1 car at $1 16; 3 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, at $1 20; No. 2 Mediterranean offered at $1 22, no bid; rejected at $1 02, 95 bid.

Corn—Grades—St. Charles white in demand at ⅛c advance at 39⅛c; No. 2 white mixed unchanged at 37⅛c st. fr. but regular and fresh could not be placed above 37⅛c; rejected do ⅜@⅛c lower at 35⅛@35⅜c; No. 2 mixed quiet at ⅛c advance at 34 str fn, this being above the views or limits of buyers; regular, steady but slow at 33⅞; rejected ⅛ to ⅜c better at 30⅛@⅞ early to 31 at close. Samples—St. Charles white firm and in demand at 40⅛c; white-mixed unchanged. Grade sales: 1 car St. Charles white this side 39⅛c; 40 cars No. 2 mxd st fr Central and E St L and regular St L 34: 4 cars do regular 33⅞; 22 cars and 5,000 bu No 2 white-mixed st fr r gular 37⅞; 2 cars rejected do this side 35⅛@35⅜, top rate bid for more; 1 car rejected Cen 30⅛@30⅜; 2 cars do E St L and St L 31.

Oats—Grades were again lower and quiet, No. 2 white opened steady at 36c, but decline and closed ⅛c lower at 35⅜c; rejected ⅛@⅜c off at 33⅛c early to 33c at close; No. 2 opened steady in St. L. and Central at 35c and 34⅜c respectively, but closed each ⅛c off at 34⅞@34⅜c; no grade brought 30⅛c. Samples quiet and easier. Grade sales: 1 car No. 2 white St. L. (early) 36c; 2 cars do do 35⅜c; 4 cars No. 2 St L. 35@34⅞c; 4 cars do Central 34⅞@⅜c; 4 cars rejected St. L. 33⅛@33c; 1 car no grade St. L. 30⅛c.

Millfeed—Demand fair and prices a shade firmer. Sales: In bulk—3 cars bran f. o. b. E tr 51; 3 cars do at city mill 46. In sacks—500 sks bran at river point below on p. t.; 2 cars bran E tr 55@56.

Pork—Quiet and lower. Sales 25 brls standard mess at $12 37½; offered in 100 brl lots at $12 45, 12 27½ bid; on orders, 275 brls at $12 75.

Green Meat—Dull and nominal. No sales reported.

S. P. Hams—Nothing transpired.

D. S. Meat—Dull, lower and scarcely any business. Sales 4 cars short ribs f o b East side 5.45c; 15 boxes long clear 6⅛c; on orders—54 pkgs: Shoulders 4⅜@4⅛c, short ribs 6⅛c, short clear 6⅞@7c. At call, shoulders were offered at 4⅛c, 3.95c bid; 6.40c bid for short ribs.

Bacon—Quiet and easier. Sales 4 cars loose clear sides at 7 20; 45 pkgs; shoulders 5c; clear ribs 7.30@7.35; clear sides 7.45@7⅛c; on orders, 1 car loose clear ribs 7.20; 40 pkgs: clear ribs 7⅜; clear sides 7⅜; plain s. c. hams range at 9 and 10⅛c. All Call clear ribs were offered March at 7⅛, 7.15 bid.

Lard—Yesterday late 150 tcs prime steam sold at 7⅛c. To day, quiet and lower. Sales 50 tcs prime steam at 7⅛c; 50 tcs do loose at 6⅜; small lot country kettle in tierces at 6⅜, and small lots of refined tierces on orders at 7⅜@7⅞. Prime steam was offered on call at 7⅛, no bid offered at close at 7.10, 7c bid. Sale 250 tcs on p.t.

The Cotton Market.

An advance of ⅛c was made in spots, and sellers held steadily at the higher rates, but buyers were offish, and a quiet market was the result, sales of only 344 bales being reported. New York and Liverpool were quiet, with former steady and latter 1-16d lower.

QUOTATIONS.

	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	10⅜	......
Ordinary	11	11⅜
Good ordinary	11⅝	12 1-16
Low middling	12⅛	12⅝
Middling	12⅜	13
Good middling	12⅝	13⅜
Middling fair		14

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

Stocks to-day, 82,790; same day last year, 35,500 bales.

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	829	811
Same day last year	1,089	1,648
Total for season to date	401, 14	320,959
Same time last year	243,323	210,248

NEW YORK.

Futures closed firm at 2:43 p. m. Sales 125,300 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF FUTURES.

Future quotations: January, ——. February, 13.03; March, 13.24; April, 13.50; May, 13.71; June 13.89; July, 14.09; August, 14.09; September, 13 47; October, 12.66; November, 12.30; December, 12.30.

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

New York, 2,327, Savannah, 1,348; Galveston, 1,225; Wilmington, 178, Baltimore, ——; Boston, 584; Cincinnati, ——; City Point, ——; New Orleans, 6,466 Charleston, 829; Mobile, 364; Norfolk, 1,626; Philadelphia, 66; Memphis 1,315; Port Royal, ——; Other points, ——.

NET RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR SIX DAYS.

Receipts this week, 90,434 bales, exports this week, 56,358 bales; stocks to-day, 981,220 bales same time last year 145,974 bales; same day last year, 882,170 bales.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 7 3-16d; Orleans, 7 5-16d. Sales, 8,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71. Providence, 71. New York, 66. Philadelphia, 64. Baltimore, 63.

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1879

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1880.	1879.	1880	1879
Cattle	1,721	1,498	866	736
Hogs	5,288	9,636	1,903	3,579
Sheep	1,772	805	600	146

CATTLE—There is no particular change to note in the cattle market this forenoon from that of yesterday, save that the activity in shipping was not so great. Eastern shippers moving along with caution, although at the close of our report, near noon, they were showing more life, and before evening no doubt fair sales of shipping steers will be made. Receipts were fair, over one hundred and twenty-five car loads, and comprised mainly of good and prime native steers. Butchers' stuff in light supply and scarce, while the demand from local speculators and the canners quite urgent and prices a little higher if anything. Stock and feeding steers were scarce and wanted at the quotations given below. Good to prime native steers brought from $5 25@5 50 per 100 lbs. Yesterday afternoon there was a good deal of activity and all offerings sold at extremes of $2 75@5 12½ per 100 lbs. Milch cows with calves steady. Ruling quotations firm.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
29	native steers	1,618	$5 50
14	Oregon steers	1,790	4 50
16	native heifers	1,043	4 12½
18	Southwest steers	887	3 50
20	native cows and heifers	1,094	3 50
12	native cows and heifers	962	3 35
16	native cows	1,058	3 05
11	native cows and heifers	970	3 10
12	native cows	1,009	2 87½

HOGS—Light shipping hogs were in fair demand this morning, and the moderate supply was worked off by noon at $4 25@4 35 ℔ 100 lbs. Good mixed packing and heavy butcher hogs were slow, and up to the hour of noon but few had found sale. Packers were on hand, but were in no hurry to take hold, and will take their time this afternoon. Offerings fair, and of all grades, with the bulk of good mixed packing. Values nominal. Light shipping $4 25@4 35; mixed packing nominal at $4 30@4 50; butchers' and select $4 50@4 55.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
22	240	$4 35	52	179	$4 35
40	186	4 25	47	203	4 35
76	255	4 40	71	220	4 35
56	267	4 45	64	176	4 30
10	180	4 30	31	154	4 25
10	181	4 30	60	187	4 30

SHEEP—The market active and fair offerings changed hands readily at strong prices. Yesterday afternoon there were some choice and fancy grades in which brought remarkably high prices. Lambs scarce. Values firm.

We quote: Fair muttons, 80 to 90 lbs, at $3 25@3 50; fair to good, 90 to 110 lbs, at $3 65@4 50; prime, 115 to 130 lbs, at $4 65@5 00; select butcher and export sheep $5 25@5 50.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
124	native sheep	164	$5 00
132	native sheep	122	5 50
28	native sheep	118	5 12½
150	native sheep	120	5 00
84	native sheep	89	4 85
299	native sheep	113	4 75
88	native sheep	95	4 40
85	native sheep	98	5 50
30	native sheep	100	4 65

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—Hogs—Dull; common, $3 50@4 25; fair to good light, $4 30@4 50; shipping, $4 40@4 55; butchers', $4 55@4 65. Receipts 4,893.

CHICAGO, February 5.—Hogs—Receipts 35,000; slow; 5 to 10c lower; light at $4 30@4 45; mixed packing $4 25@4 50; shipping $4 50@4 65. Cattle: Receipts 6,500; active and a shade off; shipping $3 90@5 40; butchers' at $2@3 70; stockers $2 90@3 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton quiet at 13c for middling uplands. Flour dull, unchanged; receipts 7,000; sales 8,000. Rye flour quiet. Wheat—Spring dull and nominal; winter shade stronger; receipts 7,000; sales 136,000; No. 1 white March [illegible] quiet; receipts 71,000 bu; sales 75,000 bu, 66 to 61½c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Oats dull; receipts 8,000 bu; sales 24,000 bu; 48@49½c mixed Western; 48@53c white. Pork dull at $12 25. Beef quiet. Lard lower at 7.70c. Butter unchanged. Cheese 11@15c. Whisky, $1 12. Sugar 9⅜c powdered. Eggs, 11@20c. Petroleum, crude unchanged. Tallow 6⅜@6⅜.

MILWAUKEE, February 5.—Wheat—declined ⅛@⅜c; noon board closed quiet; $1 20⅜ hard, $1 19⅜ No. 1, $1 18⅜ No. 2 and February, $1 19⅜ March, $1 20⅜ April. $1 04⅜ No. 3, 98c No. 4, 89c rejected; receipts 11,700; shipments 32,000 Corn firm; 36⅛c for No. 2. Oats steady, 32⅛c for No. 2. Rye firm, 75c for No. 1. Barley steady, 74c for No. 2.

CHICAGO, February 5.—Wheat unsettled and easier; $1 19 cash, $1 20⅛ March, $1 20⅜ April. Corn easy; 36c cash, 36⅜c March, 41c May. Oats weak; 32⅛c cash, 36⅜c May. Rye at 76c. Barley 83c Provisions active, panicky and lower. Pork $11 70 cash, $11 87½ March, $12 bid April. Lard 7.05c cash, 7.10c March. Whisky $1 07.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat scarce and firm at $1 28. Corn dull at 40c. Oats quiet at 39c. Pork unsettled at $12 25. Lard unsettled at 7.20c. Bulk meats dull and unchanged. Bacon dull and unchanged. Green meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky active at $1 05.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—Flour—Quiet. xxx $6@6 25; family $6 37½@6 50; receipts, none. Corn—Easy; mixed 53c; white 55c; yellow 54c. Oats—Quiet at 48@49c. Hay—Firm; choice $26@27; prime $23@24. Bran—Steady at 82⅛c. Cornmeal—Firm; $3 20@3 25.

DETROIT, February 5.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and heavy; extra nominal; No. 1 white $1 24; February $1 24; March $1 27⅜; April $1 30⅜; May $1 31 bid; milling No. 1 nominal. Receipts—wheat 3,000 bu.

CLEVELAND, February 5.—Petroleum firm; quotations unchanged; s. w. 110° 9⅜c.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, February 5.—Arrived: Hickory, St. Louis, 8 p. m.; City of Helena, St. Louis, 9; Andy Baum, Memphis, 5 a. m.; Charles Morgan, New Orleans, 8. Departed: Hickory, Ohio, 9 p. m.; Alf Stevens, Dyersburg, 9; Helena, Vicksburg, midnight; Kehlor, New Orleans, 3 a. m.; Andy Baum, Cincinnati, 5; Charles Morgan, Cincinnati, 9. Clear and cool.

EVANSVILLE, IND., February 5.—Clear and warmer; wind south and southwest; mercury 27 to 42; barometer 29⅜ and rising. River 14 9-10th, and falling. Port list: Up—Kate Waters and barges, 6 a. m.; Fawn, 7; R. R. Springer, 9. Down—Fashion, 1 p. m. Business light.

WHEELING, W. VA., February 5.—River 8 feet and falling. Departed: Fannie Tatum, Pittsburg, 8 p. m.; Graham, Cincinnati, 4 a. m. Weather clear and cold.

LOUISVILLE, February 5.—River falling; 8 feet 5 inches in canal, 6 feet 5 inches in chute on falls. Foggy. This morning Cons Millar, Memphis to Cincinnati.

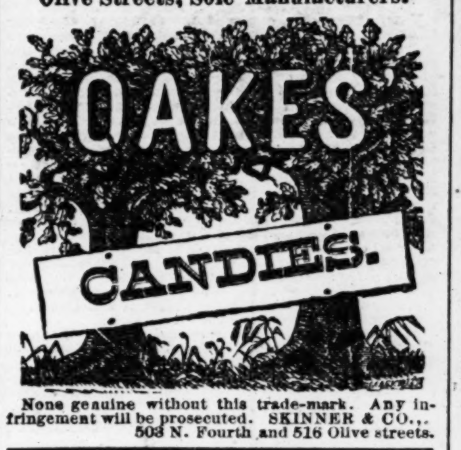
CINCINNATI, February 5.—Arrived: Katie Stockdale, Pittsburg, 9:30 a. m. No departures. River 17 feet and falling. Clear and cold.

MEMPHIS, February 5.—River falling. Arrived: Henry Frank, New Orleans; E. H. Durfee, St. Louis. Cloudy and cold.

PITTSBURG, February 5.—River 4 feet 6 [illegible]

GET
The Best Shirts
MADE TO ORDER
AT
POLACK'S,
S. E. Cor. Fourth and Olive.
Samples and instructions mailed on application.

SKINNER & CO., 503 N. Fourth, and 516 Olive Streets, Sole Manufacturers.



None genuine without this trade-mark. Any infringement will be prosecuted. SKINNER & CO., 503 N. Fourth and 516 Olive streets.

STATE SAVINGS ASSOCIATION

ST. LOUIS, MO., FEBRUARY 2, 1880.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of eight per cent out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

J. H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.

STEAMBOATS.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS

Steamer ANNIE P. SILVER.
SILVER............Master,
Leaves THURSDAY, February 5 at 5 p. m.
Steamer CENTENNIAL
DAVIDSON............Master,
Leaves SATURDAY Feb. 7, at 5 p. m.
Str. JAMES HOWARD,
O'NEAL............Master,
Leaves TUESDAY, February 10, at 5 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat, foot of Market street

N. B.—Through bills of lading given to Shreveport, La., via N. O. R. R. T. Co. (Aiken's Line), and all points on Ouachita River, via N. O. and O. R. T. Co. (Blank's Line.)

JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Ft. Agt.

KOUNTZ LINE.

For New Orleans and Way Landings.

Str. HENRY C. YAEGER,
HIRAM DAVIS............Master,

For New Orleans and all Way Landings Leaves THURSDAY, January 5, at 5 p. m. from Kountz Line Wharfboat, foot of Myrtle street. For freight or passage apply to JOHN W. KING, Ag't.

HUNTINGTON PACKET.

For Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling and Pittsburg. Str. PITTSBURG, THORNBURG, Master, Leaves Thursday evening, Feb. 5, at 5 p. m.

SHUNK & JENKINS, Agents.

ELECTION NOTICES.

STATE SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, ST. LOUIS, Mo., January 30, 1880.—The annual election for seven directors of this association will be held at this office on Monday, February 9. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock.

J. H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.

BOOKS.

BEST bargains in new and second-hand standard books at Archer's, 702 Olive street. Thousands of new school books less than half price.

10,000 STANDARD books, new and old, French and English, cheap. Catalogue free. Dan. Linahan, Fourth and Washington avenue. 8

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB'S ELECTRICAL TREATMENT cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Nervous and General Debility and all nervous troubles. S. E. corner Fourteenth and Pine

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Manuscript roll in pencil, done up in newspaper. Lost between Twenty-eighth and Fourteenth streets, on Pine, about 10 o'clock this morning. Return to this office within twenty-four hours and receive reward.

MASONIC NOTICE.—Missouri Lodge No. 1, A. F. and A. M., will hold a regular communication this Thursday at 7:30 p. m. Exemplification of work in the First Degree.

Visitors fraternally invited.

WM. H. MAYO, Secretary.
JOHN H. DEEMS, W. M.

AMUSEMENTS

OLYMPIC THEATER.

Thursday night, February 5,

SOTHERN,

and his Company of Comedians.

Only representation of the "Two Brothers" bill, Sam and Dundreary. Dundreary's Brother Sam and Dundreary Married and Settled. Friday, David Garrick and a Farce (only time). Saturday matinee and night, by particular request, two final performances of Lord Dundreary. Monday, February 9, Gus Williams.

POPE'S.

The only first-class theater in St. Louis.

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF

MR. AND MRS. W. J.

FLORENCE,

In their new three-act comedy,

PROF. OPSTEIN; OR, A MILLION.

Friday and Saturday evenings, only times,

MIGHTY DOLLAR.

Monday, February 9—The Boston Theater Company in Charles Reade's great play, DRINK.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

A CONCORD of Melody and Humor. Six nights, commencing Monday, February 2. Gala Matinee Saturday.

WEATHERSBY-GOODWIN

And their special comedy coterie, THE FROLIQUES, THE SINGERS, THE COMEDIANS, THE MIMICS, THE FAIRY, laughed into a popular success through the medium of their new

HOBBIES.

Everywhere a Brilliant Hit.

MONDAY. February 9—Maurice Grau's Great French Opera Company.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

OPERA AT POPULAR PRICES.

General admission, $1. Reserved seats 50c extra. Gallery 50c.

First appearance and limited engagement for One Week Only, commencing Monday evening. Feb. 9, of

MR. MAURICE GRAU'S

GREAT FRENCH OPERA COMPANY.

Including

MLLE. PAOLA MARIE,

Mlle. ANGELE, Mlle. LEROUX BOUVARD and

M. CAPOUL,

Monday Evening, February 9,

Sumptuous revival of Lecocq's masterpiece,

LA FILLE DE MME. ANGOT,

With the following phenomenal cast:

Clairette............Mlle. PAOLA MARIE
Mlle. Lange............Mlle. ANGELE
M. CAPOUL............as............ANGE PITOU

Tuesday, February 10, First and only time here of "LE PETIT DUC"

Wednesday matinee, and first time here in French, "LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE."

Wednesday night, only time, "LA GRANDE DUCHESSE."

Thursday, February 12, only time, "LA PERICHOLE."

Friday night, BENEFIT OF PAOLA MARIE. First and only time in St. Louis, "MME. FAVART"

Saturday at 2, only time of "GIROFLE-GIROFLA."

Saturday night, last but one. First and only time in its original French, "MIGNON"

Sunday—Farewell night, "LA BELLE HELENE."

All of the above operas will be produced with entirely new costumes, appropriate scenery and effects, augmented chorus of forty voices, specially enlarged orchestra.

Seats and librettos for sale at the Opera-house on and after Thursday morning, February 5.

THEATRE COMIQUE.

Pine Street, between Third and Fourth.

SUNDAY EVENING, February 1, 1880, every night and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. A great bill this week. First appearance of the Christie and Zetner Pantomime Company, in

HUMPTY-DUMPTY.

Also, Harry Shay, the Martel Bros., J. H. McAndrews, Miss Bertie Blake and all the old favorites return.

UHRIG'S HALL,

Washington avenue. This evening at 8 o'clock "THE LADY OF THE LAKE."

Tickets 50c. At Music and Book Stores.

Scientifically prepared of BALSAM TOLU, CRYSTALIZED ROCK CANDY, OLD RYE WHISKY and other Tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of one of our most prominent chemists, Prof. G. A. Mariner, of Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU, ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the Incipient and Advanced Stages.

Used as a Beverage and Appetizer, making a delightful tonic for family use. You will find it pleasant to take, of great service, if weak or debilitated gives Strength, Tone and Activity to the whole human frame.

☞ Put up in Quart size Bottles for Family use. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN

(Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas.)

111 Madison street, Chicago.

Wholesale Agents in St. Louis, RICHARDSON & CO., and DAVID NICHOLSON.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF THE NORTH ST. LOUIS SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.—Notice is hereby given that John H. Dieckmann assignee, has filed his statement of the accounts of his trust, up to the first day of February, 1880, with proper vouchers thereto; and that said accounts will be approved and allowed by the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, in Room No. 4, on Tuesday, February 10, 1880, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. E. VOGEL,
59c Clerk Circuit Court City St. Louis.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In the matter of the assignment of the Broadway Savings Bank—No. 475. Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, Room No. 3.—Notice is hereby given that John R. Lionberger, assignee of said Broadway Savings Bank, has exhibited and filed in this court a statement of the accounts of his trust with proper vouchers, and that such accounts will be allowed by the court on Monday, February 16, 1880, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk of the Circuit Court.
St. Louis, February 5, 1880. 57c

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, February term, 1880,
Wednesday, February 4, 1880.
John H. Austin
vs.
Margaretta W. Austin.

It appearing from the affidavit of plaintiff filed herein this day that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant has offered plaintiff such indignities as to render his condition intolerable and that defendant has without reasonable cause absented herself from plaintiff for more than one year before the commencement of this suit; and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 5th day of February, 1880.

SEAL CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

O. O. H. WEIDNER, Attorney for plaintiff. 58c

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Sexual and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know; patients everywhere. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Speedily, privately, with entirely safe medicines.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly talk or his opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for Men, 1 Stamp; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both, 2 Stamps.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first, Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. The effects of celibacy and excess. How life and happiness may be increased, [illegible]

STICKNEY & ELLIS,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
203 NORTH FOURTH ST.
125 OLIVE STREET.
BRANCHES: Lindell Hotel and Planters' House.

PERSONAL.

1000 Bill Heads, $1; business cards $1 per 1,000. Tanner & Bro., 414 N. Third st.

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Pearson's Patent Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan.

BUY your paint, varnish and whitewash brushes of the manufacturers, who will warrant every brush to be as represented. Also make household brushes of all kinds. Laitner Bros., 8 South Fifth street. 6

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 802 Locust street.

EXAMINE THE NEW NO. 8. IT IS NOT the old style Wheeler and Wilson improved or changed, but an entirely new invention—straight needle; work runs back from the operator, and the lightest running lock-stitch machine made. If you are thinking of buying a machine send us a postal card. Thorough trial can be had in your own house before buying. Sold on payments. Liberal prices allowed for old machines.

WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO., 415 North Fifth.

FIRE PLACE HEATERS and hard coal base burners, all styles and prices.

DANA & CO., 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian Fortune Teller, 921 N. Seventh st. (side entrance), St. Louis. 7

MRS. R. STOUT (FROM PARIS), FRENCH CORSETS made to order, has removed to 112 North Fourteenth street.

PERSONAL—H. S. Chase, Dentist, has removed to 2822 Washington avenue. 1

PERSONAL—Calf shoes $3 50, to measure, at Jno. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Mme. Laura DeKnevett, nee White, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1413 Morgan street. 7

PERSONAL—Mme. Dunnill, midwife, a graduate of the St. Louis School of Midwives. If you are in trouble call, or with confidence write; letters confidential; patients received for confinement. Residence, 1716 Chouteau avenue, St. Louis. 28

PERSONAL—Dr. Wm. C. Richardson, having removed, takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and patrons that he will be pleased to see them at his new office, No. 721 Chestnut street. 3

SHIRTS TO ORDER.—Faultless fit. Best material and workmanship. W. Freeman, custom shirtmaker, 609 and 611 North Eighth street, four doors north of Washington avenue. 3

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 7

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES

AN industrious, reliable man, with three boys, wishes a situation on a farm with everything furnished for making a crop on shares. Address Wm. Stark, Sulphur Springs, Jefferson county, Mo. 3

BY a boy fifteen years old in a store or office. Can bring good reference. Address J. L. M., this office.

WANTED—Situation as watchman, by a sober, religious and watchful man. Address F. 40, this office. Good references.

WANTED—A situation by a young man who has some knowledge of bookkeeping, printing and paper business. Address, M. E. J. this office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

FOUR good machinists wanted. Apply to J. Q. Halteman & Co., manufacturers of steam engines and mill supplies, 1611 Jackson street, corner of South Third.

TYPE CASTERS WANTED at Central Type Foundry, 15 North Third street.

WANTED—An active boy, about 16 years old; one who has been employed in a printing office preferred. Apply to Central Type Foundry, 15 North Third street.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

AN American lady who can cut ladies' and children's clothing wishes a situation in a private family, by the day, or work at home. Address Mrs. J. R., 2025 Division street. 7

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

1730 S. PARK PLACE—Wanted a healthy wet nurse immediately.

LADY canvassers wanted to sell an article used by every family. Apply at room 20, 621 North Fifth street.

WANTED—A lady to give instruction on sewing machines; must speak German and be an expert operator; one who has had experience as instructress preferred. Address, giving full particulars, Attachment Dealer, this office.

WANTED—A German or colored girl for general housework; well recommended. Apply Monday at 2317 Olive st. 2

WANTED—Girl well recommended to cook, wash and iron for small family. Call at 3519 Pine street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two nicely furnished rooms. 1133 Washington avenue.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with fire, bath and gas, on reasonable terms to gentlemen. Apply 1209 Washington avenue. 29

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAND for sale fifty miles from St. Louis at $5 00 an acre. W. Settle, 2325 Franklin avenue.

REMOVALS.

MRS. KESSLER, Premium Corset-Maker, has removed to 209 North Fourteenth street, between Olive and Pine. 4

MISSOURI Tent and Awning Company, D. Janopoulo & Co., proprietors, have removed to Nos. 218 and 220 Chestnut st., adjoining the Republican building. 3

THE PAWN AND LOAN BANK

Has removed from 212 North Fourth Street to 816 Vine street. Money advanced on personal property at 3 per cent. No extra charge for safekeeping.

REMOVAL—Thos. J. Hennessy, plumber, has removed from 306 North Seventh street to 204 North Eighth street (cor. Eighth and Pine), where he can be found by his old customers and all parties desiring first-class plumbing. 2

PROFESSIONAL.

NEW YORK ECLECTIC INSTITUTE 1317 Morgan street, St. Louis. The most critical cases sought for and cured with marked skill. This Institution of occult knowledge, science and progress affords, to those who place themselves under its care, unparalleled opportunities not to be obtained elsewhere. Magnetism, electricity, sunlight, color and other baths, with a judicious use of medicines, etc., as the disease may indicate. See circular for marvelous cures and reference. Board may be had at the Institute. Dr. R. D. Goodwin, physician in charge. 28

DR. J. CARSWELL. DR. A. MURRAY.
THE NEW ERA DENTAL ROOMS,
911 Olive street, next door to Pope's Theater. All Operations Guaranteed.

BOARDING.

MADISON HOUSE—615 North Eighth st.; board and lodging $3 50 a week; transient $1 a day.

EDUCATIONAL.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210 and 212 N. Third street, open day and night. Send for circulars. 17

MOUND CITY Commercial College, 410 and 412 N. 4th street. Business books adjusted. Partnership settlements made. New Years cards written.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Room without board, by two gents, east of Seventeenth street, near Olive or Washington avenue. State terms. Address X. A. X.

ALL SORTS.

BUY only the light-running Domestic Sewing-machine. City office 410 Morgan st.
20 WOOD & JAMESON.

B. DEVRIES, 1607 Franklin avenue.
Pays from 25 to 50 per cent more than any other dealer for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing; also bedding, carpets and old gold and silver.

INVENTORS wanting patterns and models, either in wood or metal, with valuable suggestions, should call on D. Strawbridge, 912 North Sixth st.

PRIVATE CONFINEMENT ESTABLISHMENT—Mme. F. Stoutz, 209 S. Fourth st., bet. Myrtle and Elm sts., treats all diseases which the female sex are subject to, and guarantees a speedy and effectual cure. Rooms for patients at lowest rates, with practical and excellent treatment assured. [illegible]